





# The Avalanche

O. FALMER, Publisher.

GRATITUDE, . . . . .

## SUMMARY OF THE MOST IMPORTANT NEWS.

**Sunday.**  
Boat upset in Susequahanna River and nine persons were drowned.

Prince Burghese Edem, son of Turkey's Sultan, plans revolution to rescue him.

Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson, author, died at her home in Mobile, Ala. "St. Elmo" and "At the Mercy of Tibertus" are among her best known works.

William L. Penfield, former solicitor for the State Department, who conducted many famous cases for government, died in Washington.

Trial of two American missionaries in Congo Free State scheduled for May 20 will bring to front question of maladministration by Belgium.

May Yolie, actress, once Lady Francis Hope, has been discovered by friends at Portland, Ore., to have been married recently to a Canadian lumberman.

**Monday.**  
Supreme Court upheld commodities clause of the Hepburn act, but took away its effect; the decision is regarded as great victory for coal roads.

Second national peace congress opened in Chicago with speakers and delegates present from every State and most of the European nations, who heard read a letter from President Taft expressing warmest sympathy, private and official, for their undertaking.

**Tuesday.**  
Senator Dolliver of Iowa made startling accusations against the framers of the pending tariff bill and his speech created a sensation.

Plot due to the death was fought in New Jersey between Frenchmen, rivals for the hand of a widow. One man was killed and the other, wounded, is hidden. Premier Clemenceau prepared to test the power of the French government to put down the "anarchist" movement among State employees, even if it involves a general strike.

**Wednesday.**  
Roosevelt broke the record in British East Africa for killing lions.

O. C. Barber was succeeded as president of the Diamond Match Company by E. R. Stettinius.

Second world's peace congress closed in Chicago with a double banquet at which representatives of foreign nations and prominent Americans responded to toasts.

F. T. Wegner, detective, swore before committee at Madison, Wis., that he saw \$35,000 passed as a bribe to three assemblymen and that Senator Stephenson's manager carried the money.

**Thursday.**  
James Boyle was found guilty of kidnapping "Billy" Whittia of Sharon, Pa.; wife was placed on trial.

Roosevelt, in a magazine article, declared the country is powerless to enforce its immigration rights without a navy.

Big union of State employees in France took radical steps which may bring on long expected war on "capitalism."

New Sultan of Turkey reprimanded officials for hanging of men implicated in recent mutiny without his orders and said it must stop.

Senator Cummins of Iowa, attacking high tariff, warned the Senate that the people will still have the "lamp post" as a means of ridding themselves of monopolists.

Paul Maurice Montfort, 4 years old, "the most photographed child in the world," fell from the window of an "L" car in Chicago and was killed before his mother's eyes.

**Friday.**  
Steamer Adelia Shores reported lost in Lake Superior with twenty-one lives.

Baroness von Hutten, author of "Pam" and other novels, divorced by her husband.

World-wide decrease in prices of commodities was shown by figures of exports and imports.

Twenty persons were injured when a bomb concealed in a basket of vegetables exploded in Buenos Ayres.

**Saturday.**  
Chas. H. Moyer, prominent Chicago churchman, was arrested and admitted the embezzlement of \$1,700.

Aldrich declared it makes no difference what the House does with tariff rates, "the Senate will do justice."

Mrs. James H. Boyle was found guilty of the kidnapping of Willie Whittia in her trial at Mercer, Pa.

A letter purporting to prove Lazarus Averbuch to have been an anarchist was given out by the Chicago police department, despite a declaration by Chief Shipley that his duty to the public to suppress anarchy prohibits him from discussing the Averbuch case publicly.

**ALL AROUND THE GLOBE.**  
Buffalo's population is 415,532, according to a police house-to-house census.

Congressman Taylor of Colorado is pushing a bill in Congress for an executive mansion at Glenwood Springs as a summer home for the President to cost \$250,000.

Japanese and American sailors will decorate the graves of the soldier dead in Tacoma, Wash., on Memorial Day, when the Japanese cruisers, accompanied by United States battle ships, will visit the western port.

As a memorial to the Rev. Dr. S. W. Hamilton Nesbit of Clonmel, County Tipperary, Ireland, who was killed in New York recently by falling under a subway train, a committee of New York Protestants propose to erect a club house at Clonmel for the use of British and Irish troops.

In receiving a delegation of the Union of Catholic Women in the Vatican, Pope Leo expressed himself on the question of women in politics as follows: "Woman can never be man's equal and can not, therefore, enjoy equal rights. Few women would ever desire to legislate, and those who did would only be classed as eccentrics."

## ST. ELMO AUTHOR DIES.

Augusta Evans Wilson, Well Known for Her Novels, Leaves Away.  
Augusta Evans Wilson, author of "St. Elmo" and many other novels, popular a generation ago, and still widely read in the South, died at her home in Mobile, Ala., Sunday as the result of an attack of heart failure. She was born in 1835 in Columbus, Ga. She was the daughter of Matt Ryan and Sarah Howard Evans, one of the oldest families in the South.

While a child she removed with her parents to Texas, then a frontier State. Soon after the Mexican war, her people located in Mobile, Ala. It was there that, in 1848, she married Colonel L. M. Wilson. The marriage was a very happy one, and, although they had no children, they were known among their friends as the "lover couple" until Colonel Wilson's death in October, 1891.

It was in 1855 that her first novel, "Inez, a Tale of the Alamo," appeared. It met with only moderate success. Her second novel, "Beulah," published four years later, won instant appreciation and she soon became recognized as one of the leading writers of the romantic and intensely emotional school.

In 1864 she found time to complete "Macaria," which she sent to a Charleston, S. C., publisher, who copyrighted it under the laws of the "Confederate States of America." The book was published on coarse brown paper, all that the printer could obtain, and soon after it left the press the entire edition was confiscated by a federal officer. A blockade runner, however, smuggled one copy through to Havana, Cuba, whence it later was taken to New York City and published. The book met with heavy sales immediately.

"St. Elmo," the most popular, most criticized and most widely read of Mrs. Wilson's books, appeared in 1866, and it is still one of the "six best sellers" in the South. "Vashti" and "Intellect" followed quickly and in 1887, Mrs. Wilson published "At the Mercy of Tibertus," a strong argument against circumstantial evidence as a means of conviction. "A Speckled Bird" was published, and her last book, "Devota," appeared above a year ago.

## MRS. BOYLE IS GUILTY.

Woman Shows Indifference When Jury Convicts Her of Kidnaping.  
Mrs. James H. Boyle, formerly Helen Anna McDermott of Chicago, was convicted Saturday on a charge of aiding, assisting and abetting in the abduction of Willie Whittia of Sharon, Pa. The woman appeared indifferent to the verdict of the jury, which may mean for her a long term in prison. Two ballots were taken by the jury in the case of the woman. The first was eleven for conviction and one for acquittal. The second was unanimous for the conviction of the woman on the second count charging her with being an accessory. When Mrs. Boyle left the courtroom following her conviction, a number of persons were in front of the building, but there was no demonstration. When she arrived at the jail, probably a dozen persons were standing about. On her way to the jail, after her conviction, Mrs. Boyle expressed the belief that she had been convicted to satisfy the venom and jealousy of some Mercer women.

## LOSES \$110,000 PLAYING FARO.

Two Days at the Table Prove Expensive for New York Man.

Marshall Bell of Newburg, N. Y., lost \$110,000 in two days' play at faro in New York City, according to an answer he filed in White Plains to a suit brought against him to recover \$10,000 in a note, the signature to which he does not deny, but which he says had been given with no consideration and was in payment of a gambling debt. Joseph Mager, who gives his address only as Westchester County, is the plaintiff in the action, and asserts that he obtained the note from James Thompson on an assignment.

## Woman Stabs Five with Hatpin.

Four men and one woman were stabbed with a hatpin by a well-dressed woman while waiting for cars at different points in upper Broadway, New York. A woman answering their description and who gave her name as Mary Maloney and her home that of a vacant lot at 237 West 94th street, was locked up on their complaint, charged with felonious assault. To add to the mystery the woman indignantly denied the stabbing.

## Heavy Damages by Storm.

A severe electrical storm swept over northern Indiana and lower Michigan late Thursday night. Heavy damage was done by the gale and the lightning and in many districts the farmers had to turn out with buckets to help each other put out fires in their houses and barns.

## Stock Broker Ends His Life.

Louis D. Leggett, 32 years old, a New York stock broker, committed suicide at his home in Montclair, N. J., by shooting himself in the head.

## Mother and Son Burn to Death.

Mrs. Louise Kapella, aged 38 years, and her young son were burned to death in their home in Stanley, Ont. The woman attempted to start a fire with kerosene.

## \$125,000 Loss in Mill Fire.

The affluence of the mill at South Omaha, Neb., belonging to the M. C. Peters Mill Company of Omaha, was burned Thursday. The loss is estimated at \$125,000.

## Bullet Travels Woman's Length.

A bullet which lodged in the head of Miss Elizabeth Farragher of Youngstown, Ohio, fourteen years ago, has been found in one of the woman's feet. The bullet never had caused her pain.

## Indict Bank Teller as Thief.

Ellis W. Niles, accused receiving teller of the First National Bank of Minneapolis, has been indicted on a charge of having embezzled nearly \$38,000 from the bank. Of this amount about \$9,000 has been returned.

## PEACE CHAMPIONS IN SESSION AT CHICAGO

National Congress Is Urged to Begin a Campaign of Education to Banish Conflict.

## PRESIDENT TAFT SENDS LETTER

Leaders from All the States and European Nations Voice Cry to the World.

The second national peace congress was opened formally in Chicago for a three days' session. Orchestra Hall was well filled with delegates. Robert Treat Paine, of Boston, president of the American Peace Society, was in the chair.

Addresses of welcome were made by Governor Charles S. Deneen and Mayor Fred A. Busse, of Chicago. The Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, chairman of the reception committee, welcomed the delegates to the work of the congress, and told them of the arrangements that had been made for their comfort and convenience.

In his address of welcome Dr. Bartlett said: "This congress must be more than a spasmodic expression of protest against war, and a resolution that disarmament would be desirable. It should inaugurate a still more effective campaign of education of the people in the interests of permanent, world-wide peace. The burdens of war are borne by the common people, and in the end the verdict of war or peace must rest with the rank and file of the people."

President Taft in his letter applauded the purpose of the conference and said:

"The United States has contributed much to the cause of peace by assisting countries weak in respect to their internal government so as to strengthen in them the cause of law and order. This relationship of guardian and ward as between nations and countries, in my judgment, helps along the cause of international peace and indicates progress in civilization. The policy of the United States in avoiding war under all circumstances except those plainly inconsistent with honor or its highest welfare has been made so clear to the world as hardly to need statement at my hands. I can only say that so far as my legitimate influence extends while at the head of this government it will always be exerted to the full in favor of peace, not only as between this country and other countries, but as between our sister nations."

Exercises of many kinds were held in the city Sunday as a preliminary to the opening session. Special peace services were held in all of the churches in the morning. In the afternoon there was a labor demonstration and the Socialists held several meetings. In the evening a big mass meeting was held under the auspices of the Sunday Evening Club, at which Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell, discussed taxation and war. President Schurman predicted that there would soon come from the property classes in all countries a demand that some way be found to reduce the cost of defense and preparations for war.

## LAKE SAILORS ON STRIKE.

Labor Trouble Will Make 10,000 Seamen Idle—Ships in Port.

Traffic on the great lakes, so far as the boats controlled by the Lake Carriers' Association are concerned, was tied up completely Saturday when more than 1,000 members of the Lake Seamen's union at various ports went on a strike. In Chicago about 200 sailors quit their jobs. The remainder of the men on strike are scattered throughout the different ports along the lakes. Victor A. Olander, general secretary of the Lake Seamen's Union, said that as soon as the strike gets in full swing 10,000 seamen will be affected. Of this number there are about 5,000 sailors, 3,000 marine engineers and 1,200 cooks. The marine engineers, numbering about 1,000, have been on strike for some time. Their strike is independent of that of the Lake Seamen's Union and they are not affiliated with the latter organization. There are sixty-three firms in the Lake Carriers' Association, which controls about 500 vessels altogether. Of this number there are about seventy vessels in operation.

## ENTIRE TRAIN JUMPS TRACK.

One Hundred Passengers on Wabash Have a Narrow Escape.

One hundred passengers on the Wabash Railway east-bound limited express, which left Chicago at 3 p. m. Sunday, had a miraculous escape from death when the entire train jumped the track about 7 p. m. at Eden, Ohio. All of the cars left the track and went into the ditch after running along the roadbed for about a thousand feet. Some of the cars were completely overturned, but only one passenger, N. Burgess of New York, was injured beyond slight bruises.

## TWENTY DIED IN TRAIN CRASH.

Engineer Hurt and About Score of Others Injured in Collision.

Great Northern passenger train No. 3, known as the Flyer, dived headlong into a light engine at Eden, Minn., Tuesday morning. Twenty men were killed and twenty passengers more or less seriously injured. Engineer Andrew W. Watson of St. Paul, of the passenger train, was probably fatally hurt and is in St. Mary's hospital at Minneapolis.

## OHIO COAL MAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Head of Company Dies by Own Hand from Grief at Worry.

Gilbert D. Preston, president of the Interstate Coal and Coke Company, shot and killed himself in the bathroom of his home in Columbus. For twenty years Preston was connected with the Johnson Coal Mining Company and later with the Loraine Coal and Dock Company. With other local men he formed the Interstate Company. Worry over business affairs and grief for his young daughter, who died suddenly a year ago, are held responsible for his suicide.



## 5 GUILTY IN BUCKET-SHOP CASE

Cincinnatians Convicted by Jury of Using the Mails to Defraud.

The jury in the case of Louis W. Foster and five others, who were charged with using the mails to defraud in conducting a so-called "bucket shop," returned a verdict of guilty in the United States District Court in Cincinnati Friday. The men found guilty are Louis W. Foster, John Gorman, W. J. Campbell, A. C. Baldwin, John M. Scott and Edwin F. Hell. The penalty is a fine of from \$1,000 to \$5,000, or eighteen months in the penitentiary, or both.

William J. O'Dell, who died in Cincinnati several years ago, left an estate estimated at \$2,000,000. He amassed this fortune by running a bucket shop on a larger scale than ever before known in this country, having branches in all the principal cities and towns in the West and South. At his death the defendants found guilty Friday continued the O'Dell Brokerage Company. Gorman, Baldwin, Scott and Hell were formerly telegraph operators in the employ of O'Dell. William Dudley, telegraph operator, and Attorney Thomas Shay, both of whom are dead, were interested as partners at one time. All these men are credited with having cleaned up \$1,000,000, most of which, however, Gorman and Dudley and Shay retained.

The verdict is a clean victory for the government, which contended the defendants did not even play the bucket shop game honestly, but by slow wires and fast wires to Chicago and New York took advantage of the market quotations and closed out trades with their customers to the best advantage to the defendants.

## LONGER DAY IN SUMMER IS AIM.

Cincinnatians Join Movement to Introduce English Innovation.

Prominent Cincinnatians are interesting themselves in a national movement to change business hours during the summer months, after the fashion which is under consideration in England, and which makes the day begin two hours earlier during the summer than it does during the other months of the year. The plan provides that each year on May 1 the standard time of the United States be advanced two hours and continue thus until Oct. 1. In this way it is intended that persons who start to work at 7 o'clock in the morning during the other months shall begin their days at 5 o'clock in the summer months and end it two hours earlier, the plan giving them two more hours of daylight for recreation.

## ASKS \$15,000; GIVEN \$20,000.

Woman Awarded Big Damages in Suit Against Ferry Company.

Although she only asked \$15,000 for the loss of a foot, a jury in Philadelphia gave Mrs. Jennie Amos \$20,000 damages in her suit against the Delaware River Ferry Company. The woman was a passenger on a ferry boat which docked at Talghin's Point, Camden. There was no gang plank provided for the passengers and as she was about to step from the boat to the wharf the boat gave a jolt, throwing her forward. Her left foot was caught between the boat and the planking of the slip and crushed.

## Convicted of Killing Wife.

Chester S. Jordan, charged with killing his wife, was found guilty of murder in the first degree in Boston. After slaying his wife, who was a young and exceedingly attractive woman, Jordan decapitated and dismembered the body, packing the limbs and torso in a trunk.

## Rite Attack the Black Hand.

Determined to stamp out the Black Hand, wealthy Italian residents of New York have offered \$2,500 a year to Thomas Cole, a detective of Waterbury, Conn., to take the place of Joseph Petrosino, assassinated in Sicily. Coleanto says he is considering the offer.

## Loaded Trolley Car Upset.

The turning over of a car on the Dayton and Northern Traction Line resulted in injury to about ten people. The car was coming into Dayton, Ohio, and left the rails as it turned a curve. All the injured will recover.

## GRAFT SENTENCES IN PITTSBURGH

Former Bank President Among Seven Men Sent to Prison Cells.

Sentences were imposed in the Criminal Court in Pittsburgh Wednesday, by Judge Frazer on seven persons, convicted within the last few weeks in the municipal graft cases. The sentences follow: W. W. Ramsey, former National bank president, convicted of bribery, one year and six months' imprisonment and a fine of \$1,000. Capt. John F. Klein, councilman, two years and a fine of \$1,000, on the bribery conviction, and one year and six months on the conspiracy conviction. Joseph C. Wasson and William Brand, former councilmen, each one year and six months and a fine of \$500 for conspiracy. H. M. Bolger, bookkeeper, two years and a fine of \$500 for bribery. Charles Colbert and John Colbert, convicted of attempting to bribe a jury in the Ramsey bribery case, two years and a fine of \$500 each. A. A. Vilsack, former bank cashier, was not sentenced today, and it is said will not be till after he has testified in several other cases which are likely to come up soon.

## WIFE SUIT AND HIS SON.

J. S. Cabanne Granted Divorce and Custody of Recently Stolen Boy.

James Shepard Cabanne Jr. has obtained a divorce from Mrs. Minnie Leonard Cabanne Brandenburg and was granted the custody of his son, whom Broughton Brandenburg of New York recently took to San Francisco. Mr. Cabanne has returned from the Western city, where he regained possession of the boy. The divorce case was on the default docket and no defense was offered. The prayer of the plaintiff alleged desertion. Mrs. Cabanne has asserted that she obtained a divorce from her former husband in British Honduras before she was married to Brandenburg.



The Soo railroad has begun the construction of improved terminals in Minneapolis to cost one million dollars.

The Burlington Railway has decided to make a 24-cent passenger rate, effective in Missouri, and this action is expected to end the proceeding to nullify the 2-cent law.

All the coal carrying roads are rushing large quantities of coal to the tide-water, and to Western points, and every railroad crew is busy, while miners are being worked full capacity.

Plans for the construction of the Great Northern Railroad line from St. Paul, Minn., to Winnipeg, have been filed with the Manitoba government. The line is to be in operation by Sept. 1.

Since the completion of its line to the head of the lakes, the Wisconsin Central has advanced the rate on soft coal from Manitowish, Wis., and the Twin Cities from 90 cents to \$1.15 per ton.

The stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company have voted to issue \$100,000,000 of new stock which will be offered at \$100 per share in exchange for the company's bonds at \$130. About thirty iron ore carrying contracts between the Cuyuna Range Railway Company and fee owners and lease holders on the Cuyuna range have been filed for record at Brainerd. The rate is 65 to 66 cents a ton.

The Missouri representatives have passed a prohibition law for passenger trains, making it unlawful to drink or expose intoxicating liquors on passenger trains in that State, or to ride on a passenger train in an intoxicated condition. The Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company has completed its double track system between Chicago and the Missouri River. The last link in the double track system was completed when the second track of the new bridge across the Mississippi at Clinton was finished at a cost of \$2,000,000.

The Iowa representatives passed the Senate bill prohibiting drinking intoxicants on trains. This puts an end to the sale of liquor in dining cars for consumption while on the trains. Members of the train crew are given the power to eject offenders and call upon local officers to arrest them, but may not make arrests.

## REPORT SHIP LOST WITH 21.

Shores, Six Days Overdue, Believed Sunk in Lake Superior.

Advises received at Duluth are to the effect that the steamer Shores, six days overdue at Duluth, went down off White Fish Point in Lake Superior with all on board. The crew and passengers numbered twenty-one.

News of the destruction of the Shores was brought to Duluth by the crew of the steamer Northland, who say that as the latter was passing that point on the way up they discovered wreckage strewn all over the lake, and in their opinion, it belonged to the Shores. The fact that she was a week overdue at Duluth and no word of her has been received adds color to the theory.

The Adelia Shores belonged to the S. O. Neff Transportation Company of Milwaukee and is said to have been up bound from Michigan with a load of salt. The ship was of 1,250 tons burden and under command of Captain S. Holmes. The engineer was R. S. Nott. The names of the crew and passengers are not obtainable.

## FIGHT FOR THE PENNANTS.

Standing of Clubs in the Principal Base Ball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE					
	W.	L.	P.		
Pittsburg	13	6	Cincinnati	10	12
Phil'del'p'a	9	6	Brooklyn	7	9
Boston	9	7	New York	6	9
Chicago	11	9	St. Louis	7	4
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AMERICAN LEAGUE					
	W.	L.	P.		
Detroit	14	5	Phil'del'p'a	7	8
New York	11	6	Cleveland	7	9
Boston	9	8	Washington	5	10
Chicago	8	8	St. Louis	6	12
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AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.					
	W.	L.	P.		
Milwaukee	13	4	Kansas City	8	10
Louisville	13	7	Minneapolis	8	10
Indian'ls	11	10	Columbus	9	12
Toledo	9	11	St. Paul	5	12

## PERSIA GIVEN A CONSTITUTION.

Shah Sees No Other Way to Secure Restoration of Order.

A proclamation granting a constitution to Persia has been signed and issued by the Shah. The document announces that as a constitutional regime alone is capable of bringing about the restoration of order and promoting the welfare of the people, his majesty accords a constitution to the nation. Elections will be held in accordance with the new electoral law, to be published shortly, and should be completed by July 19, when the deputies will assemble at Teheran. The decision of the Shah follows six months of revolutionary agitation on the part of the Persian people for the restoration of representative government.

## KIDNAPING PLOT FOR PARDON.

California Governor's Son Sought to Secure Convict's Liberty.

A plot to kidnap the 8-year-old son of Governor Gillett of California was unearthed at San Quentin prison when it was found that J. B. Clifton, one of the most notorious criminals in the state, who is serving time for attempting the life of Detective Hodgins in Oakland, had completed arrangements with a confederate on the outside to steal the boy and hold him for ransom. The price of the lad's return to his father was to have been Clifton's pardon.

## Dishwasher Inherits Fortune.

James Patterson, who for four years has been earning a living in Baker City, Oregon, as a cook and dishwasher, has gone to London, England, where he has inherited an estate said to be valued at several hundred thousand dollars.

## Footpad Stabs Woman in Arm.

Mrs. Gertrude Holman, wife of Henry G. Holman, a civil engineer of Minneapolis, was attacked on the street in New York by a footpad and wounded in the arm when she warded off a knife aimed at her breast. Antonio D'Alonzi was arrested as a suspect.

## COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

CHICAGO.

A cheering animation is seen to be pervading current operations in trade generally, and conditions have become distinctly encouraging as to the immediate outlook. The important developments include the stimulus which comes from seasonable weather and the opportunity to advance industrial and farming activities, together with a readjustment of labor controversies which threatened construction lines.

A significant feature which forebodes increased production at the mills and factories appears in more numerous demands for furnace outputs, steel shapes and equipment. A tendency toward rising prices for supplies characterizes iron, textiles, minor metals and leather.

Important May settlements at the banks and board of trade were promptly liquidated and the demand strengthened for money, although the discount rate for choice commercial paper was unchanged.

Prices for the leading breadstuffs stand at the highest average for the season, and the profits to farmers induce larger expenditures for implements, materials and improvements. Forwardings have become heavier to Western points of fabricated steel, wire, hardware, machinery and electric appliances.

Outdoor work is again remarkably extended, and this creates exceptional deliveries of quarry products, plumbing supplies and lumber. Leather working trades obtain satisfactory contracts, especially for footwear and the market for hides is firmer. April permits for business structures were forty-five in number and \$2,437,350 in value and compare with similar number and \$1,082,900 in value for April, 1908.

Bank clearings, \$295,991,231, exceed those of corresponding week in 1908 by 16.9 per cent and compare with \$259,694,815 in 1907.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 30, against 23 last week, 36 in 1908 and 19 in 1907. Those with liabilities over \$5,000 number 7, against 7 last week, 9 a year ago and 4 in 1907.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade.

## NEW YORK.

Improvement in retail trade, some regaining of lost ground in farming operations and a distinctly more optimistic feeling as to trade for the future are the leading favorable features in this week's reports to Bradstreet's. Jobbing and wholesale trade for immediate delivery shows between seasons quiet, but fall trade is developing a better tone and enlarged demand. Perhaps the most encouraging feature of the week, business affecting one of the country's basic industries, is the enlarged demand, more cheerful tone and higher range of prices reported in the iron and steel industry. Coincidentally, there is rather more doing in the Western coal trade.

The wool market is strong and active at higher prices and leather and hides are selling better at higher quotations, although fall business in shoes does not develop rapidly. Collections show little change and are still inclined to slowness. Taken as a whole, trade feeling is optimistic, and much is hoped from the passing of tariff uncertainty, the development of warmer weather and the progress of crop planting and growth to a point where the business community can safely make calculations as to ultimate output. Business failures in the United States for the week ending with May 6 were 214, against 268 last week, 288 in the like week of 1908, 154 in 1907, 162 in 1906 and 158 in 1905.

Business failures in Canada for the week number 29, compared with 21 last week and 22 in 1908.—Bradstreet's.

## MARKETS OF THE WEEK

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$



# Mirror of Michigan

Faithful Recounting of Latest State News

## POLICE MAN SUSPECT

Arrest of William Olive May Clear Up Burglaries.

With the arrest of a man giving his name as William Olive, the Alameda authorities believe they have captured one of the men who have been committing burglaries in cities in the Fox River valley during the last month. One night the Grand department store was looted, \$5 and a quantity of merchandise being taken. The police, suspecting Olive, entered his room at the Richards Hotel, where they confiscated what is said to have been the booty. Olive, the police say, confessed to the Grand robbery, but declared the other jobs were committed by a pal who is not known to the authorities. It is thought that Olive may later tell something about the recent burglaries in Green Bay, Marinette, Appleton, Oshkosh and Fond du Lac.

## WON'T LEAVE POORHOUSE.

Vicksburg Man Cold to Plendings of Demented Wife.

Made insane because of the perils of the county house, Mrs. Edward Briggs went to the Kalamazoo county house and made a pitiable appeal to her husband to return to his home at Vicksburg. The woman told wild stories of insanity and how it was burning up. Her husband gave her a chilly reception, but in spite of this the wife showed her devotion and left money at the institution for his care. Mr. Briggs says he is perfectly content at the poor farm.

## NEW ELECTRIC PROJECTED.

Chicago Capital Interested in Bay City-Fort Huron Line.

A. Hauser, of Chicago, and E. Boggs, of St. Paul, arrived in Saginaw the other day to interest the board of trade and private parties in a projected interurban system in the Thumb. They say they represent Chicago capital, and that the route of the line is from Bay City to Port Huron, through Saginaw and Ypsilanti. Their plan is to interest 100 men in the cities along the route to the extent of \$10,000. This enterprise is independent of the railroad which for some time has been projected between the Bay City and Port Huron.

## BABY'S CLOTHES CATCH FIRE.

Union City Child Burned to Death Before Mother's Eyes.

A horrible fire occurred at the farm home of Fred Taylor, northwest of Union City. During the absence of Mrs. Taylor from the house, her 2-year-old daughter ventured too near the stove and her clothes caught fire. Her screams of pain brought the mother quickly to the scene, but the child's clothing was all burned off before the fire could be extinguished, and the burns were so serious that death ensued in a few minutes.

## FATALITY SHOTS PLAYMATE.

Eddie Pease Accidentally Shoots Ivan Warren with Revolver.

While playing with several companions in Owasco, Ivan Warren, 12 years old, was shot in the stomach by Eddie Pease, the same age, and may die. Young Pease placed the muzzle of a 22-caliber revolver against Ivan's stomach and it accidentally went off. The weapon was owned by Jay Batz and had been secreted by the boys, who did not believe it was loaded. They were playing "wild west" at the time.

## 585 MICHIGAN SALOONS CLOSE.

Ten Breweries, Along with Branches, End Existence at Midnight.

At midnight Friday night 585 saloons and ten breweries in nineteen counties in Michigan, which voted dry at the last election, closed their doors. Thirty of the eighty-three counties in the State are now dry. The counties in which the saloons closed are: Allegan, Eaton, Livingston, Calhoun, Jackson, Branch, Hillsdale, Ionia, Genesee, Sanilac, Tuscola, Isabella, Newaygo, Clare, Alcona, Kalamazoo, Benzie, Charlevoix and Emmet.

## KILLED TRYING TO SAVE TRAIN.

Section Boss Loses Life in Effort to Remove Handcar from Track.

Hiram Webster, 63 years old, and for thirty years a section boss on the Michigan Central Railroad at Hastings, lost his life the other afternoon vainly trying to remove from the track a handcar that he feared would wreck an approaching train carrying a number of officials of the road. Two other men riding on the handcar jumped for their lives and were unhurt.

## WHOLE FAMILY HAS THE RABIES.

Mother and Ten Children Stricken After Drinking Infected Milk.

The Pasture Institute of Ann Arbor received notice that a mother and her ten children would arrive there from Ludington, to take the Pasteur treatment. They are afflicted with a peculiar ailment supposed to be rabies and believed to have been contracted by drinking milk from an infected cow.

## Reforestation in Progress.

Tree planting on the Au Sable forestry preserve is in progress. On the Forest farm, near Lovells, where Charles V. Ward is in charge of the work, 60,000 young trees are on the ground, and are being planted, with more to follow. This experimental station is backed by Saginaw, New York and Cleveland men. Other preserve in the Au Sable valley are being stocked with young pines and reforestation in that part of the State promises to go forward rapidly.

## Teacher Drowns from Cancer.

Prof. William Sawyer of the Michigan Agricultural College, was drowned by the capsizing of his canoe on Cedar River, near Lansing. A companion was rescued. Prof. Sawyer was 28 years old, unmarried, and had relatives in Chicago. His body was not recovered.

## Divorced in Morning; Wed at Noon.

Divorced from her first husband in Green Bay the other morning, Mrs. Mary Loughton and George Van Hoesen of that city were married in Menominee at noon. Mrs. Van Hoesen is 28 and her new husband 27.

## FOUND PLACES FOR 13,003.

Free Employment Bureau Did Good Work Last Year.

In the annual report of State Labor Commissioner Richard H. Fletcher, it is shown that out of the 22,390 applications for employment in the free employment bureau of the State during the past year, 13,003 positions have been supplied, leaving only 9,387 out of the total number unfilled. Neither employer nor employee contribute anything in a financial way toward the support of the employment bureau, and there is no discrimination between union and nonunion concerns. The expense of the bureau is supplied through State appropriations. Out of the 22,390 applications for employment, 13,003 were men and 9,387 were women. There are five free employment bureaus—at Detroit, Grand Rapids, Kalamazoo, Saginaw and Jackson. These positions are secured for applicants have been varied and include almost every branch of business, from bellhop to stenographer.

## MICHIGAN TO HAVE PRESS AGENT.

Miss Nellie Revell Will Exploit Advantages of the State.

Michigan, home of peaches, bathing beaches and water scandals, is to have a press agent to herald its resources and possibilities to the world. This new official has been selected in the person of Miss Nellie Revell, at present conducting the department of publicity of a Chicago theater. Miss Revell passed her early life amid the hubbub of the circus tent and as a child was a protégée of P. T. Barnum. Her last exploit was a tour of the one-night stands of the country, writing descriptive articles for an amusement journal. Michigan's publicity bureau will be located at Detroit.

## CHEAP POWER FOR MILES.

Electric Company Starts Erection of Sub-Station There.

The Indiana and Michigan Electric Company, which has secured a franchise permitting it to sell power in Niles for manufacturing purposes, has commenced the erection of a substation there. Electric power will be furnished from the company's dams in the St. Joseph River at Buchanan and Berrien Springs at low prices, and it is thought will be the means of bringing manufacturing concerns to Niles.

## Cuts Buds Off Trees.

A severe hail storm played havoc with the prospective plum and apple crops throughout Southwestern Michigan by cutting the buds off the trees. The loss to the fruit growers will be immense, as the outlook had never been better for a bumper crop. Many windows were broken by the hail.

## STATE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Ground was broken the other day for the new \$75,000 Masonic temple, at the corner of East 4th and South Saginaw streets, in Flint.

A movement is on foot for converting the federal school for Indians at Mt. Pleasant into a State home for crippled, dependent children.

Robert Barrows, a painter, is dead. Michael Burkhardt is under arrest, charged with murder, and Mrs. Barrows is detained as a witness, as a result of a sensational shooting which occurred at 143 Lafayette avenue, Detroit. Barrows found Burkhardt talking to Mrs. Barrows.

Marion Bailey, 3-year-old girl, whose parents reside in Wheatland township, is dead from injuries received a week ago. The hired man had allowed the horses to go to a well near the house to drink. The little girl had gone outside to see the horses when one knocked her down with his forward feet and stepped on her.

For a number of years Perkins brothers have kept a hotel and saloon in Lennon, part of which is situated in Shiawassee and part in Genesee county. When Genesee went dry the proprietors proposed to move the bar to the Shiawassee end of the building, but the township board of Venice has refused to grant a license.

Cowing under the veritable whip which Judge Wisner wielded as he pronounced sentence, John H. Logan, of Fenton, broke down and cried when the court gave him the limit for embezzlement, sentencing him to serve five years at Jackson prison. Logan freed a widow, Mrs. Catherine C. Cunningham, out of \$1,400 by selling a mortgage and keeping the money.

Considerable alarm was reported from the Pasture Institute that Frederick, 5-year-old son of Fred Parker, landlord of the Parker House, in Hastings, was in danger of rabies and must take treatment as the result of being bitten by a pet dog. An analysis of the dog's brain showed the animal died of hydrophobia. As the dog bit many other valuable dogs, citizens felt some measure should be taken to dispose of them.

William Butler, a Ypsilanti negro, who slashed his wife with a razor during a quarrel several weeks ago, pleaded guilty in circuit court and was sentenced to six months in the Jackson State prison.

An underground stream of water has been struck by miners in the Robert Gage Coal Company's No. 5 shaft, at Bay City, and 200 miners were forced out of their rooms. Twelve entries were filled by night, with the water still gaining slowly.

Grand river has risen above the flood stage and is still rising. Many Grand Rapids factories were forced to close because the high water put out their fires. Houses on the flats are surrounded by water, and boats are used in going back and forth.

Joseph Kloppeck, whose soul mate theorized started Monominee some weeks ago, was arraigned before Judge Stone in the circuit court, but later in the day yielded to the persuasion of his counsel and was married to the woman with whom he has been living for several years.

# HEPBURN LAW UPHOLD BUT ROADS NOT HURT

Supreme Court Finds Commodities Clause Good, but Takes Away Its Effect.

## COAL LINES NOT TO SUFFER

Government Interpretation Held to Be All Wrong and Things Will Go On as Before.

The railroadmen won a unique and substantial victory Monday when the United States Supreme Court, through Justice White, handed down a decision declaring the "commodities clause" of the Hepburn act constitutional, but placing an interpretation upon it which will not compel the carriers to part with their coal properties.

The decision, however, in the case of the Lehigh Valley and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western roads at least, requires a divorce from the coal properties. The victory was unique, because the arguments of the Attorney General in favor of the clause, as well as the arguments of the railroad attorneys against the clause, were lost efforts so far as the Supreme Court was concerned.

The decision upholds the constitutionality of the clause, but declares that its interpretation by the government under which it was endeavoring to compel the railroads to part with their coal lands, is a false interpretation. Therefore, were the arguments of the railroad lawyers combating the government's interpretation useless. Both the government and the railroads were so to speak, "barking up the wrong tree."

The decision, however, does not indicate that the court would view with hostility an amendment by Congress to the commodities clause prohibiting common carriers from owning the securities of corporations whose commodities they transport.

## Robb Law of Its Effect.

The effect of the Supreme Court's pronouncement is to make abortive the purpose for which the commodities clause was incorporated in the Hepburn amendment for it makes it possible for the railroads to do by indirect means what they cannot do directly—namely, own coal mines and transport the products therefrom. In order to do this, however, it becomes necessary for a railroad company either to organize a subsidiary company which shall be the legal owner of the mines, or in the event of the railroad company's owning its mines direct, then it will become necessary for it to dispose in good faith of the output of the mines before it transports the same.

In other words, the decision places the seal of approval upon the commodities clause, but insists that it does not mean that a railroad company may not own stock in another company which controls coal mines the product of which the railroad company transports to market, nor does it mean that if such a railroad company owns its mines direct, it cannot transport their product, provided it first parts with it before it becomes interstate traffic. The decision, therefore, practically gives the approval of the highest tribunal in the land to the method which is now being pursued by all western coal owning roads and by the majority of the eastern coal owning roads, of mining and selling the products of their mines.

## HITS CHURCH AGREEMENT.

Judge Says Raising of Children in Given Faith Cannot Be Enforced.

Stipulations before marriage by which one or the other party agrees to permit the education and religious training of children in a given faith cannot be enforced by law. Judge Matthew G. Reynolds of St. Louis the other day handed down a decision to this effect. This decision, said by attorneys to be, the first of its kind, holds to be of no effect one of the requirements of the Catholic Church, that non-Catholics who marry Catholics sign an ante-nuptial contract giving control of the religious education of children born to them to the Catholic party to the agreement.

## SEVEN DEAD, BATTLE TOLL.

Harold Sanborn, Chicago, Who Killed Girl, Was Badly Wounded.

Additional reports received at El Paso, Texas, of the recent riot on the Sanborn ranch, near Vera Cruz, Mexico, are to the effect that seven persons were killed during the riot and that Harold Sanborn of Chicago, son of the president of the La Juanta plantation, was dangerously wounded. Young Sanborn is held in jail, the charge against him being the killing of a 19-year-old girl, who, it is alleged, stabbed Sanborn's ranch partner, Vicente Espinosa, in the back. The killing of the girl took place in the general fight that followed.

## Eight Barges Lost in Gale.

Four persons were drowned and a total of eight barges lost during a fierce storm off Faulkner's Island. The tug Sanford, from New York to Providence with a tow of nine barges, ran into a heavy gale, and the havers parted, four of the barges drifting away. Four other barges were lost during the night.

## Congressman Gives Up Eve.

Sacrificing one eye that he might escape total blindness, Congressman Charles A. Crow of Caruthersville, Mo., submitted to an operation at a hospital in St. Louis. He probably will recover. Mr. Crow's right eye was removed.

## Noted Prima Donna Is Dead.

News was given out Wednesday that Johanna Boissmann, famous opera singer, who sang with Conradi, is dead at a private sanitarium in Lebanon, Ohio. She died of pneumonia, although she entered the institution to be treated for cancer.



## FORGIVENESS.

By Henry F. Cope.

"Forgive us, as we forgive our debtors."—Matt. 6:12.

Perhaps forgiveness is the least understood of all the virtues. To many it means a willingness to see others forego vengeance; to others it means a process of defeating the ends of justice; to some it seems only an evidence of cowardly weakness. It is so easy to be merciful to those who have wronged others and also who have injured us when they are stronger than we are.

Forgiveness is the setting aside of our own selfishness and our own personal considerations in the attitude we take toward the wrongdoer. It is the refusal to take vengeance; it is the setting of one's self on the side of the offender in order that we may help him to recover from his transgression. It makes one the friend and not the enemy of the one who may have done us the wrong.

The great common prayer teaches us all to forgive just as we hope to be forgiven. This would be a dark world if every act of enmity and hostility set up its eternally smoldering chain between us if our offense against the infinite affection set us forever at variance with the Most High, shut out from all possibility of return, or if the act of anger or greed made forever impossible further friendship with the one injured.

Passion, greed, anger, envy, selfishness in their many guises prompt us to wrong our fellows, to wound them and work them ill. Sometimes the most grievous damage is done by the simple want of thought. If every wrong made an implacable enemy the whole world would soon be a battlefield, every man's hand against his neighbor, and all progress and peace forever impossible.

Forgiveness among men makes possible the doing of the will and the coming of the kingdom of the eternal goodness. Only as we can bear with one another, only as we can be patient, make allowance for weakness and passion, give up the natural desire for vengeance and seek to heal the breaches constantly being made by selfishness can men live together in peace and good will.

To forgive, then, is to refuse to take the attitude of a foe toward my fellows who may do me wrong or injustice or may leave undone their duty, and, more, it is to take the attitude and play the part of a friend to the doer. It is to turn a deaf ear to the demands of selfishness, self-love and self-pride, and to have a larger consideration for the good of others and for the well-being of all than for my own prestige or personal advantage.

Forgiveness may not always smile with tenderness on the wrongdoer; it may wither and scorch like a whirlwind. But it will upbraid, it will denounce and it will punish even all in love, all with the intent of bringing back the wanderer from love's way and never with the thought of getting even, of paying back in kind or of satisfying vengeance. It will by every means seek to lift to your own level the man who has degraded himself by injustice or passion instead of trying to get even with him.

Forgiveness does not defeat justice; it puts another motive in the act. Justice is that process which teaches us all that this is an orderly world in which one must reap as he sows, consequences must follow causes. Forgiveness lets justice take its way; it does not shield the willful criminal from the fruitage of his acts, but it lets them fall on him only in the measure of education, for his help and restoration, and never in the measure of personal pleasure in retaliation.

This old law says: An eye for an eye; the new law says: Love your neighbor, strive to do good even to those who would do you ill, make friends of your enemies. Forgiveness emphasizes and seals the enmity; forgiveness breaks down its battlements and makes friends where there might have been lifelong foes.

Forgiveness, then, is the antithesis of enmity; it substitutes helpfulness for hatred. It is altogether apart from the matter of forgetting the wrong done; sometimes you can only help another effectively as you remember his past acts. But forgiveness takes the sting out of the memory; it remembers with calm, with growing desire to help. It does not overlook; it sees through and beyond the fault to the possibility of what the other may be with a little help and love.

Forgiveness is the attitude which says: I will not be at war with my own fellows even though they do wrong me. I will fight, but I will fight the greed and wrong along with them. When a man has fallen under temptation, even though I am thereby injured, I will help him, fight with him and not against him, and so bring the kingdom of peace and good will to come among men.

## MORAL AND MATERIAL POWER.

By Rev. Thomas Reed Bridges.

Endowed with power from on high.—Luke 24:49.

Power is something every man wants. We are all struggling to get out of the rank of the nobodies into the rank of the sombodies.

Money is power, and in its pursuit men tear open mountains and sell white bread, and open up late. Knowledge is power, and to possess it men read books and excavate buried cities and make experiments in the laboratory and exhaust the brain with perplexing thought. Social position gives power also, and there are those who will make any sacrifice and endure any humiliation to see their names printed in some exclusive list of first citizens.

Strength to many of the saints, but to the wicked man it is all. He uses his position by annexing power, which he found all about him in abundance. From humble beginnings he has multiplied power almost infinitely. His achievements with extending wires and flashing lightning and magnetic currents surpass the dreams of Aladdin.

The earth has an inexhaustible endowment of material force. In the beginning God equipped it with exhaustless energy. We have learned to command this force. We have taught this energy to serve us. The result is our material civilization.

But man is a spirit. His higher life demands something more than millions of horse power. He needs to wield a moral force surpassing all material force. He is called to the task by annihilating weakness and sin as he has annihilated time and space. There has been manifested through the ages a power which impels this world from darkness into light. It is the power from on high. It is the spirit of holiness. All the currents of life are moving in our direction. The universe goes on to perfection.

As we have annexed the material, so we may annex the moral power. In both cases knowledge and obedience are the keys which unlock the storehouses of energy. We have discovered the laws which govern the forces of nature. We were in harmony with these laws and nature is our servant. If we oppose them they crush us, so we must learn the laws of God and obey them. We must bring ourselves into harmony with the forces of righteousness.

The power from on high enters the heart of the good man. Then he is invincible. He can stand like Athanasius against the world. He is free from doubt. He knows no fear. He draws strength from the inexhaustible fountain of strength. In every controversy he can say: "That art for us are more than they that are against us." He knows that one with God is a majority.

## SERMONETTES.

Love never has to advertise for a job.

Saints are never seen by searching in mirrors.

Faith never travels far when it forgets the facts.

No man knows truth who wants to patent it.

The way to be faithful to truth is to follow it.

Every gift is measured by its real cost to the giver.

The greatest virtues are found by loyalty to small truths.

Riches become dangerous only when rooted in our affections.

The baggage car does not go through on the heavenly train.

A good deal of public generosity hides a lot of private meanness.

The large hearted always see large qualities in their friends.

It takes more than Sunday dreams of heaven to make a heavenly week.

Every man's view of this world is better for his being blind to some of it.

Some people have a way of praying for others that makes them prefer cursing.

The meek who inherit the earth do not get their title to it by crawling in the dust.

Some seem to think the best evidence of being the salt of the earth is ability to make folks smart.

The most popular religious delusion of our day is that discussing duties is the same thing as doing them.

## CHEAP LIVING IN GERMANY.

Britisher Contends That He Can Get More There for His Money.

The British board of trade report on the relative costs of living in England and in Germany makes it clear that England has an advantage in point of cheapness, but a Britisher now strongly maintains that on a given income one can have a better time in Germany than in England—always excepting Berlin, which is one of the dearest places known. Here are a few of the prices paid in the course of over a year in various German towns, says the Boston Transcript: For a large front room, with veranda and bedroom, both well furnished, in one of the best streets of a fairly fashionable town, \$7.50 a month. Breakfast, coffee and rolls cost 50 cents a day; dinner at midday, at the best hotel (most Germans seem to dine out) costs 35 cents a day, and a hot meat supper 15 cents. Afternoon tea on the river or at the confectioner's was usually about 10 cents. If one went out into the country things were cheaper again. "After a long walk one morning I turned into a wayside public house for something to eat," writes a correspondent. "They had nothing but fresh eggs, so I had two with some bread and butter and coffee. The bill was 23 pfennigs. It was made up thus: 10 pfennigs for the coffee, 10 pfennigs for two eggs and 5 pfennigs for the bread and butter."

"But the thing on which I found most money was to be saved in Germany as compared with England," adds the correspondent, "was amusement. The amusements, to begin with, are of a simpler kind. One can hear as good music as a town has to give for a copper. The regimental bands play in these gardens and half a town will muster in the garden to listen, children as well. On a summer Sunday morning you may get up at 6 a. m., walk to a neighboring hilltop, and find the regimental band playing there. Theaters, too, are cheap. For my part on the river I used to pay 3d. an hour or 1s. a day; for a bicycle, about the same price; for the hire of a piano, 6s. a month. Work, too, is done more cheaply. For the sewing and healing of a pair of boots I paid 3s. as compared with 4s. here, and so on. The thing is, of course, that the German does not get as much to spend as we do, and his amusements have to cost less. These materials may be dearer, but the work expended on them is cheaper. With an English income and German conditions I could get along very well."

# Michigan Legislature

Senate Keynote of Reform.

Senator Tuttle sounded the keynote of reform in the Senate when he attacked the system under which the State institutions are now operated. The discussion was brought up by the consideration of a bill to place the Home for Feeble Minded and Epileptics at Lapeer under the same system as the other asylums and prisons. For some reason when that institution was established a provision was placed in the act requiring it to apply for an appropriation for maintenance as well as improvements. The other institutions are exempt, expending what they please and turning in bills. "This bill should not be permitted to pass," declared Senator Tuttle. "Instead the system under which our State institutions are permitted to spend money at libitum should be abolished. The system is wrong, and it has resulted in the grossest extravagance being practiced. The officials in control deny themselves nothing, knowing that the State will have to foot the bill. The trouble is that our State institutions have become private corporations and resent any interference with their methods. I say to you, with full knowledge of the facts, that the State can save \$250,000 the first year that the system is abolished."

No Taxation of Credits.

With three different bills relating to the taxation of mortgages being pushed for consideration, the House the other afternoon only succeeded in getting tangled up over the proposition, with the result that all the bills were rejected. This means nothing will be accomplished unless the Senate can frame a measure and send it over. The bill which came up on third reading was the one introduced by Representative Giles providing for a tax of seven mills on all credits. Representative Guy Miller tried to substitute the Davis bill, which was passed two years ago by the House but which the governor refused to sign. This bill exempts all credits and the members did not take kindly to it. Representative Dusenbury then tried to substitute his measure which is a redraft of the New York law, providing an annual tax of five mills on all mortgages, to be first paid when the instrument is recorded. This was defeated, 45 to 33. When the Giles bill was reached for final passage it failed, 45 to 34, but the vote was reconsidered and the bill tabled. Giles will make another effort to get it through.

Reduce U. of M. Income.

Senator Kilne went after the University of Michigan by introducing a bill to reduce the tax from three-eighths to one-quarter of a mill. Some of the farmers in the House are also after the agricultural college, which receives one-tenth of a mill tax. Up to four years ago the amount derived from this tax was limited to \$100,000, but the limit was removed, giving the institution about \$73,000 additional. Now the farmers want the board to set aside about \$21,000 for building an elevator in the woman's building, improving the stock and providing for work in soil surveys and horticulture. The board wants separate appropriations for these matters and Representative Schantz declares that unless they are provided outside of the regular appropriation a bill will be passed to restore the \$100,000.

Sting Taken from Fish Bill.

The Senate took the sting out of Senator Watson's bill, which was framed to give Fish Warden Pierce absolute control of the fishing along the Great Lakes, by empowering him to determine just what nets can be used for various fish and by whom. It was pointed out that such a measure would open the door to all kinds of graft and that any big concern could well afford to give \$100,000 for the privilege. The bill was finally amended so as to include only obnoxious fish, which satisfied the fishermen, and the measure was then agreed to.

Prison Funds Misapplied.

Two years ago the Legislature appropriated \$76,000 for the erection of a heating and lighting plant at Jackson prison. Now the Board of Control wants \$45,000 more to complete it. The house ways and means committee has allowed \$19,000, having learned that \$12,000 of the appropriation two years ago was used for the blinding twine plant without the consent of the Auditor General.

Don't Get Term Extension.

Labor Commissioner Fletcher will have to content himself with two more years as chief of that department, the House changing that section which entrenched him in his place for the next four years. Neither can he require fire escapes to be placed on two-story buildings.

Home Rule Bill Passed.

After voting down a number of amendments the House passed the home rule bill, 86 votes being recorded in support of it. The bill passed was the one agreed to by the House, but in order to get around any parliamentary tangle, Representative Miller offered it as a substitute to the Senate bill. The result is that the measure and the primary bill will go to conference, which means a lot of work.

Home Rule for Villages.

Senator Tuttle has introduced in the Senate his bill granting home rule to villages along the same lines as it is proposed to grant to cities. The bill is a copy of the city home rule bill passed by the Senate, insofar as it is applicable to villages.

Opticians and Cigarettes.

The opticians finally secured the passage of the bill giving them a commission, and Senator Dickinson said through his anti-cigarette bill, which presumably applies to minors, but which really intended to be prohibitory.

# THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN



1804—The first Assembly under the Rhode Island charter met at Newport.

1682—William Penn published his frame of government for the colony of Pennsylvania.

1000—First Colonial Congress met in New York City.

1700—The first general census of Rhode Island was ordered by the Assembly.

1706—The first medical school in America founded.

1770—Massachusetts expunged the name of King from legal proceedings... Congress declared the authority of England over the thirteen colonies abolished.

1787—First convention assembled in Philadelphia to adopt a national constitution.

1708—Harper's Ferry, Va., was selected as the site for a government armory and manufactory... Navy department of the United States established by act of Congress.

1802—The people living in the Northwest territory, north of the Ohio river, were authorized to organize themselves into a State.

1808—France laid an embargo on American shipping... Charles IV. of Spain abdicated in favor of Bonaparte... Theological Seminary at Andover, Mass., founded.

1816—Dedication of St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York City.

1836—First issue of the New York Herald... One thousand lives lost in great earthquake in Calabria.

1838—Large section of Charleston, S. C., destroyed by fire.

1844—Henry Clay nominated for President by the Whig convention in Baltimore.

1847—Cornerstone of Smithsonian Institution laid.

1854—United States announced its neutrality in the Crimean war.

1855—Attempted assassination of Napoleon III. by Pissini.



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GRAYLING, THURSDAY, MAY 13.

## HomeCircleDepartment

A column dedicated to Tired Mothers as they join the Home Circle at Evening Tide.

Crude thoughts as they fall from the Editorial Pen—Pleasant Evening Reveries.

Before it is Too Late.

"If you've a gray-haired mother in the old home far away, Sit down and write the letter You put off day by day. Don't wait until her tired steps Reached Heaven's pearly gate, But show her that you think of her Before it is too late.

If you've a tender message Or a loving word to say, Don't wait till you've forgot it, But whisper it today. Who knows what bitter memories May haunt you if you wait? So make your loved one happy Before it is too late.

The tender words unspoken, The letters never sent, The long forgotten messages, The wealth of love unspent— For these hearts are breaking, For these loved ones wait, So show them that you care for them Before it is too late.

One kind thought spoken is worth two unaid.

A girl never marries her ideal, One reason is that she seldom finds him, and when she does she doesn't like him.

Better simple food with pleasure than luxuries with annoyance and worry.

There is a difference in "Intelligent" dressing and philosophical dressing. The first is to keep your dress up with fashionable fads, and the latter is to keep your pocketbook up with your dress.

Right here is the secret of awkwardness. It is self-consciousness. A girl who thinks about how she is going to look when she extends her hand will hold it out of stiff as a pump handle. If she is worried about the appearance of her walk she will stalk over the landscape like a wooden dummy. What a person does gracefully is done unconsciously. So if a person would learn grace she must first learn how to do things unconsciously by doing them often.

Cherish Your Girlhood.

Dear girls, don't be so often wishing you were grown up to women that you will neglect your girlhood. In a rush and hurry of these fast times, there is danger that you will reach and strain after "young ladyhood" too much. Be girls awhile yet—tender, joyous, loving, obedient and industrious. Womanhood, with its privileges and power, its burdens and its trials, will come soon enough. On this point one has said: "Wait patiently, my children, through the whole limit of your girlhood. Go not after womanhood; let it come to you. Keep out of public view. Cultivate refinement and modesty. The cares and responsibilities of life will come soon enough. When they come, you will meet them, I trust, as true women should. But, oh, be not so unwise as to throw away your girlhood. Rob not yourself of this beautiful season which, wisely spent, will brighten all your future life.

Not Overwork.

Numberless men, alleged to be hurt by overwork, do not work half enough. Their trouble comes from superabundance of leisure and activity. They yawn through three or four hours in the office or counting room; are too indolent to walk up town; eat too heavy and rich a dinner; go out afterwards to see merchants, bankers and the like, and join boon companions who walk around billiard tables or sit at cards, and keep very thirsty until the drowsy steeples toll two and three. This is overwork, but overwork in the wrong direction, and of a very different kind from that supposed. Overwork covers a multitude of bad habits; it is made a scapegoat for countless transgressions, it is very often a shallow pretense, a miserable sham. While there are far too many who overwork, there are a great many that break down and kill themselves by laziness, self-indulgence and dissipation. Very decidedly, overwork is overdone.

Appreciate Your Mother

The graveyards are full of mothers who died taking care of their children. Better appreciate your mother before your appreciation of her will, will be no kindness to her, and the post mortem regrets will be more and more of an agony as the years pass on. Big headstones of polished Aberdeen and the best epitaphs which the family put together could compose and a garden of whitest roses from the conservatory are often the attempt to atone

for the thanks we ought to have rendered in living days and the kind words that would have done more good than all the eulogies ever piped up on the silent mounds of the cemetery. The world makes appreciation do over the work of mothers who have raised boys to be great men and most of our readers could turn to their books and find the names of fifty distinguished men who had great mothers. Calvier's mother, Walter Scott's mother, Benjamin West's mother. But who praises mothers mothers or what they do for daughters who make the homes of this land. We do not know of an instance of such recognition. You never hear a word in appreciation of the self denial, of the fatigues and good sense and prayers which those mothers go through who navigate a family of girls from the edge of the cradle to the schoolhouse door and from the schoolhouse door up to the marriage altar. That is an achievement which the eternal God celebrates high up in the heavens, though for it human hands so seldom clap the faintest applause. My! My! What a time that mother had with those youngsters, and if she had relaxed care and work and advise and solicitation of heavenly help that next generation would have landed in the poor house, idiot asylum or penitentiary. It is while she is living, but never while she is dead, that some girls call their mother "maternal ancestors" or "the old woman."

Which do you think won?

Not long ago two men, athletes, went into a contest to see which could stand erect and hold his arms stretched out full length at either side of his body for the longer time. One man had fed on steaks and chops, sausage, ham, roast beef, etc.; the other ate heartily, but confined himself to such foods as Quaker Oats, rice, macaroni, etc. Which do you think held out longer?

The first man lasted twenty-two minutes. The Quaker Oats-macaroni-rice chap concluded to stop after he had been 30 minutes more than three hours.

There's more strength and economy in eating lots of Quaker Oats than most people imagine. Every family should eat plentifully of Quaker Oats at least once every day; breakfast is the best time. It strengthens you for the day. The regular size package sells for 10c; the big family size package costs 25c; the same package with a piece of fine china in it in addition to the Quaker Oats, costs 30c. Grocers sell all of these.

Don't Slight A Good Friend.

"If ever I need a cough medicine again I know what to get," declares Mrs. A. L. Alley of Beala, Me., "for, after using ten bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, and seeing its excellent results in my own family and others, I am convinced it is the best medicine made for Coughs, Colds and lung trouble." Every one who tries it feels just that way. Relief is felt at once and its quick cure surprises you. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Hemorrhage, Croup, LaGrippe, Sore Throat, pain in chest or lungs its cure is sure. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free. Guaranteed by A. M. Lewis & Co.

Kills To Stop The Flood.

The worst foe for 12 years of John Deye, of Gladwin, Mich., was a running ulcer. He paid doctors over \$400.00 without benefit. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve killed the ulcer and cured him. Cures Fever-Sores, Boils, Eczema, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Unlabeled for Piles, Burns, Scalds, Cuts, Corns. 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug store.

Whether in city or country, housed in its own magnificent building or pining in a dilapidated mountain shack, with thousands of children or with barely a baker's dozen, the Sunday-school is today considered the strategic center of the great church militant. The Sunday-schools of the United States alone are attended by about 11,500,000 pupils and 1,500,000 teachers. Given a voice in affairs of church or state, this would represent no mean influence. The latest statistics of the Sunday-schools of the world show 22,739,323 little Christians working their way through the grades of Bible study, learning the needs of the mission field and being graduated into church membership.—The Delinquent.

Lived 152 Years.

Wm. Aarr England's oldest man married the third time at 120, worked in the fields till 132 and lived 20 years longer. People should be youthful at 80. James Wright, of Sparlock, Ky., shows how to remain young. "I feel just like a 16-year-old boy," he writes, "after taking six bottles of Eberle's Bitters. For thirty years kidney trouble made life a burden, but the first bottle of this wonderful medicine convinced me I had found the greatest cure on earth." They're a good deal to wash, sticky run-down or old people. Try them. 50c at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug store.

Smashes All Records.

As an all-around laxative tonic and health-builder no other pills can compare with Dr. King's New Life Pills. They tone and regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, strengthen the nerves; cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Jaundice, Headache, Chills and Malaria. Try them. 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

Resolutions of Condolence.

Whereas, It has pleased the great ruler of the universe to remove by death the mother of our dear sister, Mrs. Fannie Brannen. We as a Committee of Crawford Hive No. 690, I. O. T. M. M. tender our heartfelt sympathy in this hour of grief and affliction, and our fraternal regards and command her to the guidance and care of our heavenly father who careth for all.

Resolved, That as a token of respect a page of our records be set aside for a proper recording of these Resolutions and a copy be sent to our bereaved sister.

EMMA AMOS. SALOMA SIMPSON. BERTHA OAKS. Com.

Counting in Statistics.

A contributor to the Boston Globe points out the fact that grain exchanges were established in this country primarily to facilitate the marketing of agricultural products. He holds that so long as exchanges performed this function they were of benefit to both producers and consumers. He says that insofar as they now perform this service they are of benefit, but declares that when they permit gambling in what does not exist, creating fictitious market conditions, they are a detriment to trade in every direction. This contributor favors restrictive and regulative legislation.

These views seem to be echoed by the press the country over. There is demand for legislation that will not simply regulate exchange transactions, but prohibit gambling in futures. This demand comes not only from consumers but from business men, who declare that gambling in futures can be carried to such an extent as to jeopardize the financial interests of the country. There is a good deal in this latter contention, because business interests are so interwoven that the failure of one establishment involves many others in an endless chain fashion. Several failures on the Chicago exchange have extended as far east as Boston, and as far west as San Francisco.

It is conceded that gambling in futures cannot benefit the farmers, because at the time they have nothing to sell. It is also agreed that such gambling raises prices to the consumer from who the profits must come. As a member of the Illinois legislature put it, "the creation of corners in wheat, cotton or any other staple product, imposes unnecessary and unjust burdens on the people, and is therefore contrary to good public policy." This seems to be the conclusion of the whole matter, and when it becomes general enough to compel legislation, gambling in food-stuffs will be at an end.

Hardgrove Happenings.

Mrs. Cobb and Mrs. Hoyt called on Mrs. H. S. Buck Wednesday. William Woodburn was a caller on Maude Woodburn Sunday. Wm. Meddaugh and family have moved up near Gaylord. Dirk Schurer was a pleasant caller in Hardgrove last week. Mrs. H. S. Buck and Maude Woodburn went to Grayling Thursday. Born—To Mr. and Mrs. William Hunter, a son. Charles Johnson went to Grayling Saturday. Mrs. Nellie Hardgrove and two children are spending a few days in Mt. Pleasant.

Lovells Locals.

M. Hanson of Grayling with his new auto was in town Friday. Charles Pillsbury returned Wednesday. Mr. and Mrs. Hay took dinner at Dr. Underhill's Sunday. C. C. Wescott of Grayling was in town Friday. Dr. Knapp was called Thursday evening to see C. Stillwagon's little girl. At this time she is improving and is thought to be out of danger. Town Clerk, C. B. Johnson took dinner with Silas Carrier, Thursday. Wm. B. Mereson's car was side-tracked here Saturday morning.

The T. E. Douglas Co., are receiving about 15,000 feet of logs daily by the Johanneburg train. We are informed that they had 1,000,000 feet or more decked along the siding. Dr. Insley was called Thursday evening to see S. E. Houghton's young-cot boy.

Rev. T. P. Bayer, of Traverse City will speak in the Pavilion, Saturday evening May 15th on the Temperance question. Mr. Bayer is highly recommended as an orator. A cordial invitation is extended to all. Do not say on the morrow, I am sorry I did not hear him, but come, listen and remember.

DAN.

Smashes All Records.

As an all-around laxative tonic and health-builder no other pills can compare with Dr. King's New Life Pills. They tone and regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, strengthen the nerves; cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Jaundice, Headache, Chills and Malaria. Try them. 25c at A. M. Lewis & Co's Drug Store.

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EMMA AMOS. SALOMA SIMPSON. BERTHA OAKS. Com.

THE

## TEMPLE THEATRE

MOVING

## Picture Show

## MATINEE

Every Saturday Afternoon at 3 o'clock sharp, standard time, during the summer!

We will give you some Fine Shows for 10c only, and have set the time so that patrons from the country still can go home while the sun shines. Bring your entire family.

## EXCURSION

## SUNDAY

May 16, 1909

Returning same day

TO

BAY CITY \$1.40

SAGINAW \$1.60

Special train leaves 7.00 a. m.

FOR PARTICULARS

Consult Ticket Agent

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

A Good Chance

to get big interest on your money. We intend to erect a new brick store and for this purpose wish to borrow a few thousand dollars. Any one who has one hundred dollars or more can invest them here at six per cent interest.

All persons having past due accounts in the store, will kindly call and settle as we need the money just now to realize our plan.

J. W. SORENSON.

## \$25 REWARD.

I will pay \$25.00 reward to the person or persons who will furnish information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons who stole a black cow called Black Daisy, which I believe was branded U on the front leg within past 10 days.

C. F. DICKINSON, Lovells, Mich.

Teachers Examination.

Below is an outline of the teachers examination to be held at the court house, Grayling, Thursday and Friday June 17th and 18th. Reading: Lady of the Lake—Scott. Read the entire poem, study with reference to poet, style, setting, meter, historical mythical references, figures of speech, memorizing of quotations.

ARITHMETIC—Principles and explanations of the operation of percentage. The various problems of percentage. Commercial forms: Area and volume. Square root and mental arithmetic.

GRAMMAR—Language work based on art. Suggestion—Study of pictures, life of artist, etc., stories of the Madonna. Verbs—classes, voice, mode, tense, conjugation. Adverbs—classes, forms, uses. Prepositions. Conjunctions. Sentence study, syntax, analysis.

GEOGRAPHY—Physical geography—Get clearly in mind the feature or phenomena described the studied. Understand the cause or origin of the feature or process. What human or life relation and influence does the feature, phenomena or process have? Be able to give existing examples or illustrations.

CIVICS—U. S. Constitution. Defects in Articles of Confederation. Constitutional Conventions. Executive Department of U. S. Government—powers and duties of President—election—cabinet. Treaties, how made. County and township government. Current events.

U. S. HISTORY—Period of discovery and exploration. War of 1812. A study of the Monroe Doctrine—its application in recent times. The question of the tariff—its relation to the two political parties. Territorial growth, 1845-1908. Michigan Current events.

J. E. BRADLEY, Co. Commissioner.

While His Wife's in Jail.

Pethick Lawrence, husband of one of the "suffragettes" imprisoned in London, has promised to subscribe \$50 a day to the woman's suffrage fund for every day his wife remains in jail. Whether Mr. Lawrence is actuated by sympathy or gratitude, deponent saith not.

"TIME WAITETH

FOR NO MAN."

An old adage, but just as true today as in olden times. In fact it is more so, as today, a minute "To Late" may mean the loss of —, who can tell what? You need not LOSE, need not be TOO LATE, as we have accurate time pieces with in the means of every one. The boy today can own a better watch for \$6.00 than his grandfather did for \$25.00. Let us demonstrate watch values to you.

## C. J. Hathaway

Jeweler and Optometrist.

## Don't Forget

BY CALLING

## 2

## The People's Market

will deliver to you anything in choice cuts of

BEEF,

PORK,

VEAL,

OR MUTTON.

Also a fine line of Smoked

HAMS

BACON

AND SAUSAGES.

FISH THURSDAY & FRIDAY

Milks Bro's.

Cleaning

Glasses

Is an accompaniment of their wear. But don't mistake defective or non-suitable lenses for moisture or dust on them. If your Glasses are not the exact kind you should wear, they will do you more harm than good. Perhaps you would do well to call on me anyhow and find out whether you have the RIGHT lenses or not. I'll be honest with you—I can't afford to be otherwise and.

I DON'T CHARGE

FOR MY ADVICE.

## C. J. HATHAWAY

Jeweler and Optometrist.

IF THERE'S ONLY ONE GIRL

In this world for you better bind her to you before someone else gets ahead of you.

PICK OUT AN ENGAGEMENT RING

from splendid variety and have your fate settled at once. June is the month for weddings and it is already May. We'll help you choose the best ring for the price you can afford to pay.

## A. PETERSON

Watchmaker, Jeweler and Engraver.

Notice of Attachment.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.

The Circuit Court for the County of Crawford.

The Buffalo Fertilizer Co., a corporation, Plaintiff.

vs.

William A. Montgomery, Defendant.

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of April A. D. 1909, a writ of attachment was duly issued out of the Circuit Court for the County of Crawford, at the suit of The Buffalo Fertilizer Co., a corporation, against the lands, tenements, goods and chattels, moneys and effects of William A. Montgomery, the defendant above named, for the sum of four hundred fifty six and 18-100ths dollars, which said writ was returnable on the fourth day of May A. D. 1909.

Dated this fifth day of May A. D. 1909.

GEO. L. ALEXANDER

Attorney for Plaintiff.

maye-7t

1878. 1909.

## The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

## FIRST CLASS GOODS!

## RIGHT PRICES!

Always our Motto.

We are headquarters for

## Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND,

## Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

Watch this

## SPACE.

## A. KRAUS & SON.

LEADING DRY GOODS STORE.

Griswold House

DETROIT, MICHIGAN

## European Plan

200 Rooms with running water \$1.00 Per Day

100 Rooms with private bath \$1.50 Per Day

50 Rooms with bath \$2.00 Per Day

Dining Room and Cafe

Club Breakfast from 25 cents up

Table d'Hote dinner at noon and night, 50 cents

Lunch, well lighted dining room, on garden floor, and well lighted room on ground floor.

Lady waiting in each dining room

POSTAL & MOREY, Proprietors

## Job Printing

Neatly and Promptly done

At this office.

A new line of calling cards just received.



# Local and Neighboring News.

## Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are \$1.50 per year in advance. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A following your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and cannot be considered later.

Remember the Firemen's dance at Temple Theatre, Friday May 14.

For Rent—A small house on the south side. Enquire at this office.

Nels A. Johnson offers for sale the best four-year-old colt in northern Michigan, at his farm in Maple Forest.

The Firemen will give an old time dance and supper at the Temple Theater, Friday evening, May 14.

For sewing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price call at the AVALANCHE office.

New buildings and repairing of old ones are in evidence in every part of the village.

For the convenience of those who may wish their services Mr. Jennings has had a telephone installed. Phone No. 431.

Mr. Burdick, contractor for the building of the new post house arrived last week, and is getting ready to rush the job.

For Sale—1 Cook Stove, 2 Heaters, 1 Dining Room and Centre Table, 1 Refrigerator, 1 Upright Piano or Organ. Mrs. Frank Barnard.

For first class tubular well work address, Augustus Franck, Pere Cheney, Mich.

If you are an 'Eagle' and looking for a beautiful emblem of the order call at Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store and see his line.

Plumbing work, Plumbing Goods, Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Closets, Kitchen Sinks and Range Boilers. Show Room, Cedar St. F. R. DECKROW.

If you want high grade stationery for the same money you are paying for a poorer grade, go to Andrew Peterson's Jewelry Store.

The total of the state primary school fund apportionment this spring will be \$3,736,355, at the rate of \$5 per head for every child of school age.

Ex-Postmaster Dickinson of Detroit has made his first visit to the Detroit Club House, down the river, for this year, and caught his quota of trout.

Nine automobiles in our village make quite a procession, and our horses are becoming used to the monsters which frightened them badly last season.

Souvenir Spoons are always desirable. See Chief Shopperson, the Court House, School House, the Grayling Trout and the State Capital in a spoon bowl, at Peterson's Jewelry Store.

Portraits, Frames, Photo Pillow Tops, Beautiful Pictures, Bromides and Solar Prints. Deal with Manufacturer direct. Catalogue Free. National Portrait Co., Chicago.

Hon. Charles Blair, Justice of the Supreme Court was at his cottage last week, at Portage Lake, and arranging for his summer rest. Of course he caught some fish.

Eggs for hatching, from pen of pure bred Buff Plymouth Rocks, headed by cockrels from prize winning stock. Price—\$1.00 per setting of 15, and \$3.00 per 50. HUGO SCHREIBER, Pere Cheney, Mich.

The company has just finished seeding to oats and clover 160 acres east of St. Helen for H. N. Ryan and O. B. Ryan of Streator, Ill. So far as we know this is the largest field of clover in the state.—Roscommon News.

Ladies desiring broadcloth or other similar suiting, will find 50 styles of samples, from which to select at the tailor shop of R. Lutz over the drug store. Light colors for summer.

For anything in the line of Pure Drugs, Stationary, Choice Cigars and Candies, call at Lewis & Co's Drug Store, or call us by phone. Our number is 18. Prompt delivery guaranteed.

The sultan of Turkey should not be discouraged. He may yet live in plenty if he can persuade his wives to take in washing. There are a lot of old Turks in this country doing the same things.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Tucker of Newton, Kansas own a fine tract of land near St. Helen. Part of this is in orchard, and the company is planting the balance to oats and clover this spring.—Roscommon News.

We have received our line of calendars for 1910, which we think are the finest ever. We will have them ready to exhibit in a few days, so they can be examined and selections made, which should be early enough in the season to insure getting your choice, before the lines are broken.

H. W. Janes of Chicago has arrived here with a fine team and outfit for farm work, and his family, and is now on his land in Beaver Creek to stay. He will be remembered as the first manager of Dr. Montgomery's farm, and is a welcome addition to our population.

C. J. Humphrey has added a maypole to his growing optical business.

The W. R. C. extends an invitation to supper at G. A. R. Hall after memorial services, to all soldiers and wives also Corps members and families.

There was a fine and warm rain last Saturday night and Sunday forenoon, followed by a cool wave that sent the mercury down to 35° Monday morning with a north wind.

There will be a dance at Temple Theatre Tuesday May 16th. The second semester of the dancing school will close with an assembly on this date and all are invited to attend.

Fritz Hanson brought in three beautiful trout weighing from one pound and a half, to nearly four pounds, caught with a bamboo pole, and a ten cent line and one cent hook, with a minnow for bait.

Prof. S. G. Searight, the optician will again be in Grayling Friday, May 14th remaining until Tuesday May 16th, at McClain's Restaurant opposite Odd Fellows Hall. Eyes tested free. Will call at residence if requested. Prices reasonable.

Miss Vina Luck lately of the Chicago Concert Trio will give instruction in singing in this place every Tuesday. This affords an unusual opportunity for those wishing the services of an experienced vocal teacher. For particulars and terms inquire of Miss Anna Mellstrup.

Mr. Powell and his family arrived at their summer home at Portage Lake last week, and Hal Davis and a friend, Mr. Phillippe came Monday and hope to catch fish enough for their ladies dinner by next Sunday. They are a lively crowd and always welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Falling are enjoying a visit from his sister, Mrs. C. F. Papendick and children, of Wager, North Dakota. They are on their way to Lake City, this state, where they intend to make their future home. Mr. Papendick is at Lake City already to make preparation for the arrival of his family.

On May 6th last Gov. Warner signed the Giles Optometry Bill thereby giving Michigan along with twenty three other states an Optometry Law. Our local Optometrist, C. J. Hathaway, through his efforts was instrumental in the passage of the measure. It is a law that has long been needed, as the public have a right to demand of those fitting glasses that they be possessed of the necessary educational qualifications to properly do their work.

LANSING, Mich., May 11.—Special.—The committee of the senate appointed some weeks ago to investigate forestry conditions in the state reforestation lands in Roscommon and Crawford counties, returned Monday night from the north. The committee will report this week, condemning the whole reforestation, declaring that the efforts of the state have been a failure and that all legislation tending toward further reforestation efforts are absurd. The report will be no surprise, as it has been reported around the capitol for some days that the committee was deliberately primed for the purpose of making this report.

The committee consisted of Senators Kline, Ming, Moriarty, Watkins and Shields.

Rev. J. Humphrey Fleming is preparing to give a series of evening illustrated talks on "The Land of the Pueblos" gleaned from experiences and observations made while U. S. Indian Agent of the Moquela Pueblos. The first in the series will be next Sunday evening entitled "Antique America, the home of the Cliff Dwellers."

Mother's Day was appropriately observed at the Presbyterian church last Sabbath morning. The rainy weather lessened considerably the anticipated attendance though the G. A. R., W. R. C. and the Circle were well represented, and filled the front seats. It is gratifying to note the presence of the many mothers there especially representing the two auxiliary organizations to the G. A. R. All members of the three patriotic organizations wore white carnations, and the same beautiful flower—the badge of loyal motherhood—was much in evidence throughout the congregation.

The Congregational meeting at the Presbyterian church last week Tuesday evening was well attended. Reports were received from the various organizations of the church showing an encouraging state of affairs socially and financially. A full Board of Trustees were elected, which are as follows: Dr. O. Palmer, A. B. Falling, James McNeven, Robert Roblin, Carl Mork and F. O. Peck.

A. B. Falling and F. O. Peck were elders, A. B. Falling being re-elected. A committee was appointed in the interests of repairs on the church property. At the close of the meeting refreshments were served to which all did ample justice.

## M. P. Church.

Sunday, May 16, 1909.

Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Sabbath School 11:30 a. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Preaching service at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday, at 7 p. m.

All are cordially invited to attend these services.

R. H. CUNNINGHAM, Pastor.

## School Notes.

Professor Wetliwayer of Ann Arbor has been secured as Commencement speaker. Rev. Fleming will give the baccalaureate sermon.

Ethel Love conducted the eighth grade examination in Beaver Creek, and Nellie Shannah at the Court House.

Mr. Bradley has been doing demonstration work with the optical disc this week.

Botany class is beginning work on flowers. They have studied the Arbutus, Poplar, dog tooth violet and cowslip.

Chemistry class will finish their regular work this week. Note books are to be handed in. Owing to good work they are hoping to escape the final examination.

The ninth and tenth grade English classes are studying "Ivanhoe" and "The House of Seven Gables" respectively.

First year German class is reading "Das Madchen Von Treppel"

Physical Geography class will finish their laboratory work within the next two or three weeks.

Beginning Geometry class began Book Three this week.

Ninth A Algebra class are working in Radicals.

Modern History class is studying present day conditions in foreign countries.

Ninth B Algebra class is working in factors.

Edith and Hazel Houston entered the High School this week.

Speaking of fish stories reminds me. Will McCullough says he was fishing on the East Branch, during the storms of last week and that the water rose so rapidly that a large trout bit him on the ear before he could climb a tree.

## SEVENTH GRADE.

They had a final test in Physiology Monday afternoon.

Thomas Wakely left school on account of his family moving to their former home down the river.

Clyde and Howard are doing better since they have moved their seats up to the table facing the scholars.

## FOURTH GRADE.

Fimer Woods, Frank Bennett and Inez Billings are back in school again.

The grade begins the study of flowers and making flower booklets this month.

## FIFTH GRADE.

The fifth grade are making a complete study of China and Japan.

Norma Winslow who has been out of school on account of sickness returned this week.

## Official Report.

Lansing, Mich., May 7, 1909.

## APRIL WEATHER.

The precipitation was generally above normal, especially in the southern and central counties. Heavy rain occurred on the 14th and rain, snow and thunderstorms on the 28th and 29th. The temperature averaged from 1 to 4 degrees below normal. High winds occurred on the 7th and the last three days.

## WHEAT.

The present wheat prospect shows a slight improvement since the issuance of the April report, the average being 78 in the State and southern counties, 71 in the central counties and 80 in the northern counties.

The average condition on April 1st in the State and southern counties was 76, in the central counties 69 and in the northern counties 83.

The per cent of wheat sown that will be plowed up because winter killed, in the southern and northern counties is 4, in the central counties 13, and in the State 6. The damage by Hessian fly in per cent in the State and southern counties is 2 and in the central and northern counties 1.

## RYE.

The average condition of rye in the southern counties is 86, in the central counties 81, in the northern counties 88 and in the State 85.

## CLOVER.

The condition of meadows and pastures in the State and northern counties is 76, in the southern counties 75 and in the central counties 80. The acreage of clover sown compared with an average for the past five years in the State and southern counties is 98, in the central counties 97 and in the northern counties 100. The acreage of clover that will be plowed up because winter killed or otherwise destroyed in the southern counties is 19, in the central counties 10, in the northern counties 12 and in the State 16.

Read the above official report from the office of the Sec. of state, compare localities, and decide to come north, as near Grayling as possible.

## M. E. Church.

Sunday, May 16, 1909.

Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Sunday School at 11:30 a. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching service at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30.

Young and old, are cordially invited to attend all religious meetings of this church. This means YOU.

ROBERT HOUSTON, Pastor.

Our Clock in Good Repair.—James H. Clark of Hardwick, Vt. has a clock about 100 years old. The mahogany case is seven feet tall. The works are of wood, and all the repairing needed for a long time had to be made on them.



Experts say that Alleman's Linoleum Lustre preserves color and patterns and always make your Linoleum look bright and new.

A Child can apply it.  
Will dry over night.  
Not effected by heat or cold.  
Will not crack or blister.  
Impervious to water.  
Makes it easy to clean.  
Makes it wear twice as long.

One quart will cover 18 to 20 square yards, one pint will cover 10 square yards. Pint cans 45 cents, quart can 85 cents, at

## Sorenson's Furniture Store

### Circuit Court.

Our May term of the Circuit Court convened on Monday with Judge Sharpe presiding, and the genial Austin at the Stenographer's table.

In the case of the People vs Martin Fusk an order was made, on motion of Pros. Atty, that he be not required to file any information and the prisoner was discharged.

The People vs Charles Martindale, desertion of child. A plea of not guilty was entered, and on a statement made by the court and motion of the Pros. Atty the cause was continued to the next term, when it was understood that it would be dismissed, if the respondent in the mean time paid the costs which were accrued.

The People vs John Perry, Larceny. On the call of the docket, the respondent who was released on his own recognizance, failed to appear, and not appearing Tuesday morning a bench warrant was issued for his apprehension and the case continued.

The People vs Malcom McLeod, Attempted Arson. The case was tried before a jury consisting of Wm. Hatch, John M. Smith, Perry Ostrander, Oscar Rhoden, Oliver B. Scott, Henry Sanders, George W. Broth, Hugh Oaks, W. J. Callahan, Frank Deckrow, Andrew Mortenson, and B. J. Callahan. James K. Wright, a former well known resident here, appeared for the defendant. After the argument of Counsel and charge of the Court the Jury retired and after seven hours returned and reported that no agreement was possible, and were dismissed, and the case continued with the bond.

None of the Civil cases were tried.

### Would Harm Small Lumbermen.

One of the largest manufacturers of mixed lumber in Michigan says: "Any change in the lumber Tariff would mean substantial loss and injury to every lumber manufacturer in Michigan. It would put about every operator of a small portable mill out of business, because it would practically destroy the trade in what is known as low grade lumber. The box industry in Michigan consumes millions of feet of lumber annually. Owing to the high prices asked for the pine lumber the last few years makers have come to use hardwood culls for box stuff. In my own business there was such small demand for low grade stock that we cut only about 8,000 feet to the acre. Now we are cutting about double that quantity and a large quantity of it goes into boxes. Pine mill culls can be bought over in the Georgian Bay district of Ontario at \$11 and \$12. Remove the duty and so much of it will come over that it will drive our low grade lumber here out of the market and work great loss to the home industry." Michigan Manufacturer.

Wagoner Camp No. 4490 R. N. of A. make their first appeal for public patronage. Sandwiches, Cake and coffee, Friday afternoon at the G. A. R. hall. 10 cts.

### Toronto Doctors

Coming to Grayling

## Dr. A. Sovereign

and Staff of Physicians and Surgeons, composed of German, English and American Doctors, will be at the

## New Russell Hotel

WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY

MAY 26th AND 27th

AND WILL RENDER SERVICES TO THE SICK

FREE

UNTIL THE EVENING OF MAY 27th

You need not bring money, as consultation and advice is free, the rich and poor alike treated. All who call upon the doctors before the above date will receive consultation, examination, advice and surgical operations free. All that is asked in return is that every person treated will state to their friends the result obtained by their new system.

ALL DISEASES OF MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN TREATED.

RUPTURE POSITIVELY CURED IN THREE TREATMENTS, many cured with one. No knife, no pain, no risk, no detention from business.

Deafness and roaring noise in the head cured by an entire new method. It is unnecessary to enter in to details in regard to these most successful Physicians' skill. The many testimonials that have been given by grateful patients throughout the United States and Canada who have been cured the past 20 years have made their name and fame familiar to the people.

Appendicitis and many other diseases cured without the knife. If you have any of the following diseases consult the doctors.

Piles  
Gravel  
Dropsy  
Anemia  
Asthma  
Vertigo  
Catarrh  
Tumors  
Eczema  
Pimples  
Fits  
Debility  
Diabetes  
Nervousness  
Skin Diseases  
Change of Life  
Female Diseases  
Kidney Diseases  
Bladder Diseases  
Scrofula  
Lumbago  
Insomnia  
Headache  
Backache  
Neuralgia  
Paralysis  
Tape Worms  
Dyspepsia  
Biliousness  
Deafness  
Bad Breath  
Rheumatism  
Constipation  
Blood Diseases  
Painful Periods  
Eye and Ear  
Ovarian Diseases  
Lung Diseases  
Offensive Sweating

Any sick man or woman who cannot find relief should consult them. If you are improving under your family doctor, do not go and take up their valuable time. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

## Why it Pays to TRADE WITH US.

Because we are the largest and most prominent dealers in General Merchandise and Ready-to-Wear Garments in Grayling, are thoroughly reliable, and every buyer is sure of a square deal.

No one having in mind the purchase of a spring suit or hat, or in fact any spring goods should fail to visit our various departments and inspect our magnificent stock. Investigation will quickly prove that our values are positively unapproachable.



## Grayling Mercantile Co., "The Quality Store."

Drugs. Patent Medicines.

## Central Drug Store

## COME

and see the finest and largest assortment of fishing tackle in the town.

We have a fine assortment of rods such as

Greenheart rods  
Lanchwood rods  
Split Bamboo rods  
Steel rods  
Muskalung rods  
Rod cases  
Fish Baskets  
Nets  
Reels  
Lines  
Flies and Fly Books  
Leader Boxes  
Bait boxes  
Drinking Cups  
Extra Tips

Dowagiac Minnows  
Trout Spinners  
Bass Spinners  
Rubber Frogs  
Buck Tails  
Trotting Lines  
Etc., Etc.

Bring us your Family Recipes. Prescription Work a Specialty

Candy. O. W. ROESER, Manager. Cigars

## DENTIST DR. FRED'K E. BUSH

of Saginaw will be at the

## NEW RUSSELL HOTEL

Wednesday and Thursday, May 26th and 27th

to practice dentistry in all its branches.

Teeth extracted positively without pain; Gold Crowns and Bridge work, all kinds of plate work and filling. All work guaranteed.

EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE

REGULAR CALLS THERE AFTER.

### Presbyterian Church.

Sunday, May 16, 1909.

Mid week prayer meeting at the church Thursday eve, at 7:30 p. m. Preaching service at 10:30 a. m. Subject: "The Power of the Gospel." Sabbath School at 11:45 a. m. A. B. Falling, Supt.

Christian Endeavor at 6 p. m. Topic "Pilgrims Progress Series: At the Cross." Preaching services at 7:30 p. m. Topic: "Antique America. The Home of the Cliff Dwellers."

All are cordially invited to attend these services.

J. HUMPHREY FLEMING, Pastor.

### The Cigarette Must Go.

No other influence today at work among the boys is so undermining and destroying the physical, intellectual, and moral manhood of America as the cigarette. No man who loves his country dare tolerate an influence so vicious and destructive. Either we must put away the cigarette or it will put away our American manhood. It is doing it already. It has and is, in thousands of instances, is every community, lowering the moral sense and intellectual and business capacity of our national life.—Siyanna Stall, D. D. in "The Purify Advocate."

For Young Men's Guidance.

The best rules to form a young man are, to talk little, to keep quiet, to reflect alone upon what has been said in company, to distrust one's own opinion, and value others that serve it.—Sir W. Temple.



# PAPERS BY THE PEOPLE

## USEFULNESS HAS UTILITARIAN VIRTUES.

By Ada May Kroecker.

Before we had achieved the division of labor and specialization a single man produced a watch which now requires several hundred workmen to perfect. To-day each factory man learns how to make only a particular part of the machine, and without his hundred fellow workers would never find the watch completed. Towns and nations specialize in industries and need all the rest of the world to buy what they make and to supply them with what they do not make. Homes in days of old were tangles of all the handicrafts of domestic interest. But now they do little but make beds and cook. All other household labors are performed in some specialized center—the curtains cleaned in one shop, the rugs in another, the laundry done here, the dresses made there.

The innovator is the one that makes the world move. He inaugurates a change, takes things from the old ruts, forms new grooves. Without him we should still be leading the simple life simpliciter of the savage and the stone age. With him we have wireless telegraphy, and flying machines, and steam heat, and printing presses, and a number of other things equally pleasant.

Society will not tolerate weeds. It will insist upon filling the world with flowers. Already it is allowing its women to help in the world's work and already it is beginning to instruct its illiterate. The processes already set into motion can end in nothing short of the education and the enrichment of all members of the community.

## FLYING ECLIPSES ALL EXPERIENCES.

By the Hon. C. S. Rolla.

After experience with every form of locomotion, including cycle and motor racing, a voyage in a dirigible balloon of the French army, and over 130 trips in an ordinary balloon, there is nothing so fascinating or so exhilarating as flying. The happy moment, I may say, of my life came when Mr. Wright, with his pleasant voice and quiet smile, said to me: "Mr. Rolla, I guess I'll take you up this morning." When all was ready I took my seat on the flyer. The roar of the engines commenced, the starting weights were released, and off we went with a bound. Once clear of the ground, the feeling of security was perfect. We tore along at forty miles an hour. The machine at the will of the operator tilts up gracefully when taking a turn. Those accustomed to motor racing will appreciate the effect of this, which is that taking a curve on a flying machine will be actually safer than in an automobile.

Our speed caused tears to roll down our cheeks. After a flight of several miles a descent was begun for a landing. At the right moment the engine was stopped and we came to ground so gently that I found it impossible to tell exactly when the runners first touched

the surface. On landing we skinned along the surface rather like a toboggan, coming to a standstill a few yards from our starting point.

With regard to the art of flying, Mr. Wright and his machine seem to work together as one unit. The management of a machine of this kind in breezy weather is not at all easy. At the same time it can only require patience and careful practice before any intelligent man possessed of coolness and good judgment can learn it.

## THE SURE CURE FOR OLD AGE.

By Elizabeth Towne.

The cure for hurry is the cure for old age—to take time every day, maybe several times a day, to become again as a little child, interested in one thing at a time as if that were the only thing. Instead of whirling all the time dually on the rim of life, we must take frequent times to get back to the center again for our bearings—back to the silent center whence we came. At that silent center we find all our child faculties waiting to be recognized and appropriated.

Many cases of failing memory are mistaken ones, due to unreasonable expectations! How many grown-ups forget as many times a day as any child does! The trouble is we expect, or try to compel ourselves to remember a great burden of inconsequent and irrelevant things that the brightest child on earth could not remember; and we are so preoccupied trying to carry these things in mind that our minds are half-absent, at least, from the new things that are happening now and that ought to have our full attention, as they would have a child's full attention.—The Nautilus.

## MADNESS AKIN TO HAPPINESS.

By Prof. Cesare Lombroso.

Geniuses enjoy moments of supernal felicity. These are the moments of creative frenzy which in so many respects resemble the psychic excesses of epileptics only, since not an ordinary brain is being agitated by convulsions, but a great mind, and instead of some atrocious brutality or dark crime there results a work of lofty character. Beethoven, for example, wrote that he felt as if there were but a step from intense mental concentration to madness. He said he could hardly describe what he felt in the moments when his sensations were abnormally acute and intense, that everything about him seemed to be alive, that he seemed to be raving and was scarcely certain that he really existed.

Analogous are the impressions of St. Paul, Nietzsche and Dostoevski. And the illustrious Beethoven says: "Musical inspiration is to me that mysterious state in which the whole world appears to shape itself into a vast harmony where every feeling and every thought I have seems to resound within me, where all the forces of nature seem to become instruments for me, where my whole body is seized with violent shivering and my hair stands up on end."

## THE CENTER OF POPULATION.

May Be Expected to Remain Permanently in the East.

In 1900 the center of population was in the State of Indiana. In 1790 the center was twenty-three miles east of Baltimore, Md., says a writer in the Geographical Journal. Its migration has been slow and remarkably uniform both in rate and direction. It has moved for 110 years along the 89th parallel of latitude, and its total variation in latitude has been less than one-third of a degree.

The westward movement has averaged less than a degree in a decade, notwithstanding the incredibly swift occupation of a vacant continent by a movement of population westward. The easterly position of the center of population is in part due to the fact that the eastern part of the continent was first settled and was settled from the east. The easterly position of the center of population is also due to the more evenly distributed and more abundant resources of the eastern half of the United States.

It should not be forgotten that the geographical center of the United States lies some hundreds of miles west of the Mississippi river. The eastern half of the country, therefore, embraces the Atlantic lowlands, the Gulf lowlands and the forests and minerals of the Appalachian mountains and Appalachian plateaus. Over against these are the arid and mountainous areas of the west.

Certain areas will be reclaimed to incredible productiveness and the mineral wealth is vast, but the center of population may be expected to remain permanently eastward of the geographical center of the land.

## JOKE COSTS LIFE OF BOY.

Lad Who Tries to Frighten Parents and Brothers Is Shot and Dies.

At Emporia, Kan., Griffith Hughes, aged 18 years, died as the result of having been shot by his younger brother, Owen, who mistook him for a burglar. Having heard a noise in the basement, Griffith jokingly told the family that there was a burglar in the cellar. While they armed themselves preparatory to descending to the basement, Griffith Hughes, thinking to frighten his parents and brother, stole down to the basement by way of the outside entrance. The younger brother rushed into the cellar, and hearing a sound in the darkness, shot and fatally wounded his brother.

## Remedy for Unemployment.

John Martin, in the current number of the Survey, reviews the minority report of the British Royal Commission on the condition of the poor. They find that the whole problem of abject destitution should be treated systematically by the national government and that experimental relief work, colonies, and aided emigration have shown chiefly "how not to do it." The provision of work at wages by local authorities only tends to intensify the evil, as it encourages employers and employees to acquiesce in intermittent employment. Irregularity of employment is found to be the most certain and extensive cause of pauperism, even in those callings where high wages and short hours are the conditions, such as wharf laborers. The proposed method of dealing with these conditions of under-employment and discontinuous employment is a national system of labor bureaus. It is believed these will do what one job with another and one trade with another as to give continuous employment to the most efficient. To provide for the surplus it is proposed to limit the employment of boys in occupations which afford them no industrial training. Both boys and girls should be compelled to take thirty hours a week of special training. Shortening the hours of labor is another remedy proposed. Crowning the whole system there must be a detention colony where inmates are treated for a morbid state of mind and body.

## Clerk Shot in Vault.

S. E. Bonnevillie, the Planners' Hotel clerk, at St. Louis, stepped into its vault after midnight to put away some valuables. Jack Shannon, the mail clerk, did not see him, closed the door and returned the bolt, imprisoning Bonnevillie, the only person who knew the vault's combination. Bonnevillie pounded frantically against the vault doors until Miss Corn Benson, the hotel's telephone operator, recalled that Bonnevillie was a former telegrapher. With a paper weight she rapped a Morse code message to him on the vault door; with a penknife he tapped back a reply to her message, giving her the vault's combination, which resulted in his early release.

## Naked Man on Tombstone.

With blinding torch in hand and song of gladness on his lips, Oliver Olson was found, naked and unabashed, sitting on top of a tombstone in Calvary Cemetery, St. Paul, early one cold morning and not a soul near, closed the door and returned the bolt, imprisoning Bonnevillie, the only person who knew the vault's combination. Bonnevillie pounded frantically against the vault doors until Miss Corn Benson, the hotel's telephone operator, recalled that Bonnevillie was a former telegrapher. With a paper weight she rapped a Morse code message to him on the vault door; with a penknife he tapped back a reply to her message, giving her the vault's combination, which resulted in his early release.

## Costs \$50 to Raise Her Skirt.

Because a woman cabin passenger on the French liner Touraine lifted her skirt carelessly Uncle Sam is richer by \$50 in duty. As she came down the gang plank at New York an inspector noticed that the woman wore a very fine netting, too fine, he thought, for any one but an heiress. An investigation was begun and it was discovered that under an outside dress the woman wore an expensive evening gown. The duty was paid and the woman was allowed to take the garment away.

## Against "Living Like Christ."

Rev. David H. Greer, bishop of the New York Episcopal Diocese, has now joined with Bishop Chandler of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, at Baltimore, in condemning the Cleveland movement known as the "let us live like Christ." Bishop Greer, in the language of St. Paul, says that "the letter killeth, but the spirit giveth life." He does not believe that these associations are efficient or necessary. Nevertheless, the movement has spread from Cleveland to many cities and this tens of thousands of people have begun a daily effort to put their faith in Christ to the practical test of living.



## DIRTY TROUGHS AND SPOONS WILL QUICKLY THROW THE HOGS OUT OF CONDITION.

From the first of April to the last of May is the best time to do your hatching.

To attempt to fatten sheep affected with lice or scab is to court loss and possible disaster.

Paralysis in young pigs is brought about by too heavy feeding. Take away the corn and feed only milk and bran.

The hog having a variety of food will thrive and maintain a healthy appearance much longer than one kept on a single food ration.

A low down knee is desirable in a horse, enabling the animal to make a long stride more quickly than when the knee is set higher up.

Never give young pigs more than one feed than will be eaten up clean, but enough to give contentment. The pigs should come to feed next time with a rush.

It is estimated that the cost of maintaining 100 breeding ewes in good condition is \$1 per day, or 1 cent per head, when kept on corn fodder, beans and oats.

Keep picked up around the home-stead, and around the stock buildings, too. Nothing is so sure an index of the character of the farmer as the condition of the grounds about his place.

Breeders like to have sheep with plenty of meat on the under part of the body. A thick dock and thick, strong neck are also necessary, by which can be judged the amount of muscle along the back.

The Wisconsin experiment station has been comparing the cost of production of mutton and beef. One hundred pounds of gain was made by a wether lamb on 84 pounds of corn, 266 pounds of corn fodder and 32 pounds of potatoes. To produce 100 pounds of gain in a steer required 84 pounds of corn, 185 pounds of bran and 645 pounds ofilage.

The fellow who said that the third move is as bad as a fire evidently had good roads in mind when he spoke. There are some stretches of road in parts of the country nowadays where even one move would be worse than a fire. In this case you would have a bad lot of kindling wood on hand, which in case of a fire would have been prevented.

Angora goats are profitable. When the mohair is of good length and clean it commands a ready sale at good prices, but short, dirty mohair is never readily salable. This fact has led many to become discouraged in keeping goats, since they believe it to be impossible to keep them clean. This is not true, as the experience of many good goat raisers has proven.

Paint preserves the wood, and it pays to put it on a building whenever needed. There is no economy in letting the house or barn go without paint. The lumber will soon rot or warp and have to be replaced at two or three times the cost of paint necessary to have preserved it. The farmer had better spend a few dollars in paint than many dollars for repairing his buildings.

## Difference in Hides.

There is a difference in the price of packers' hides and country hides, as quoted in the newspapers. The former is higher than the latter. Prices of hides are regulated by the demand for leather and leather goods, the tanner not caring to whom the hide belongs. Packers' hides are more valuable than country hides for the reason that they are more skillfully handled and can be depended upon to scale up to standard. Country hides are often removed by unskilled butchers who lack experience, and the hides are frequently scored or cut in such a way as to cause a depreciation in value. After the new tariff takers get through with their schedule all hides will look alike, for everything in the skin line is likely to go on the free list.—Denver Field and Farm.

## Nitrate of Soda Slipped.

The reports which alarmed agricultural authorities all over the world two years ago—that the total known deposits of nitrates in Chile were but 1,603,000,000 quintals of 101.61 pounds, scarcely enough to meet the demand of forty-six years to come—have been exploded by the Chilean Official Board of Engineers.

In its annual report to the government, recently made, the board reports that in the Tarapaca district there are 740,000,000 and in Antofagasta 4,103,000,000 quintals—a total of 4,843,000,000 quintals. The board, however, makes no report on Tacu, with its acknowledged 223,000,000 quintals, nor on the unworked official fields with their estimated 600,000,000 quintals. This would bring the total up to 5,666,000,000 quintals.

Reckoning the annual demand at 85,000,000 quintals—which is more than the demand for 1907—the known supply is sufficient to last 166 years.

Meantime, the development of methods for converting the free nitrogen of the atmosphere into fixed nitrogen (or nitrates) is progressing, and it is hoped will yield a sufficient supply without large drain upon the mines.

## Spraying the Fruit Trees.

In spraying fruit trees there are three essentials that must be borne in



## WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Washington has been given to understand that President Taft desires to make a record-breaking trip during the present year, provided Congress sees its way clear to appropriating the annual \$25,000 for the traveling expenses of the executive. Leaders in both Senate and House are known to favor such a measure now, and so the prospects are good for such a journey. The President expects to start across the continent by the Northern route to Seattle, stopping at the larger cities, and there sail to Alaska by the inside route. From Valdez he will return to San Francisco, and thence back East by the Southern route. While in Seattle he will attend the Alaska-Yukon Exposition. There is some talk in Congress of providing for the purchase and equipment of a complete special train for the use of the executive.

In the rotunda of the capitol Wednesday, exercises incidental to the reinterment of the remains of Maj. L'Enfant in Arlington cemetery were held, with President Taft, Vice-President Sherman and many high Federal and District of Columbia officials taking part. The Vice-President made the principal address. The body, which hitherto had been buried in the graveyard of a Maryland farm, lay in state during the exercises. L'Enfant was the French engineer who helped Washington to lay out the national capitol. Ambassador Jusserand also paid a glowing tribute to the memory of his countryman.

President Taft has notified Congress that in the Venezuelan cases arrangements were made for the settlement of the Jauréguiberry claim and that of the New York and Bermudez Company out of court, while the claims go to arbitration are those of the Orinoco corporation, the Orinoco Steamship Company and that of the United States and Venezuela Company. Specific provision is made, however, that Venezuela, with the consent of the United States, may reach an amicable settlement within five months with either the Orinoco corporation or the United States and Venezuela Company.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has issued a bulletin containing the opinion of Attorney General Wickham affirming the legality of the Referee Board of Experts, headed by Prof. Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins, which was appointed by President Roosevelt to review the opinions and rulings of Chief Chemist Wiley. This establishes this board as the supreme authority in the execution of the food and drug act.

The dispute over the question of responsibility and authority in the conduct of the next census, which for several days had threatened either the dismissal of Director North or the retirement of Secretary Nagel, appears to have been settled amicably after several conferences with the President. Mr. North disclaimed any intention or desire to usurp authority over matters properly belonging to the Secretary.

The seizure of the American schooner Charles Levi Woodbury for alleged poaching will have a tendency to hasten the reaching of a definite understanding between the American and British Governments as to their attitude toward Hecla straits, which the Canadians desire shall be regarded as a "closed sea" and the right of fishing therein denied to Americans.

A resolution introduced in Congress by Representative Halm of Kentucky provides that whenever a majority of the voters of the island of Cuba shall vote in favor of annexation to the United States the island shall be annexed on such terms and conditions as the proper authorities of both countries may agree upon.

Lieut. Calvin P. Titus of the Fourth Infantry, who was the first man to scale the walls of the Chinese city at the battle of Peking, has withdrawn his resignation from the army and will become a regimental chaplain.

Charles D. Hillis of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., has been sworn into office as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, succeeding Louis A. Coolidge, resigned.

H. Percival Dodge of Boston, American minister to Salvador, has been selected as Minister to Morocco to succeed Mr. Cummore.

When the Turkish Ambassador, Hussein Kiazim, received official word of the change of rulers in Turkey he at once went in person to the State Department, and, with every evidence of pleasure, conveyed the information to the American Government. The news was also received direct from the American Ambassador in Constantinople. A reply in due form was soon delivered, saying that the President had that day cabled congratulations to the new Sultan, Mehmed V.

## Indelible Pencil Poisonous.

A peculiar mishap that may cost the sight of one eye has befallen Miss Laura Steffen, daughter of Jacob Steffen, the Sacramento, Cal., banker, and sister of Lincoln Steffens, the writer. The point of an indelible pencil she was sharpening snapped off and struck her right eye. The coloring matter spread and turned the whole eye the purple color of the pencil, causing it to smart and impairing the sight. Miss Steffen is chief of the extension department of the State Library, and it was at the library that the accident happened.

## SHE DIES AT 106.

Thanks to Family's Magic Beads, Michla Schilotsky Lived Long.

Mrs. Michla Schilotsky died recently at the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, at 802 East Broadway, at the age of 106 years, says the New York Sun. She came to New York from Adashuf, in the state of Wilna, Russia, twenty-four years ago, and had been at the home four years.

The last year of her life she spent for the most part in the hospital of the home. About Christmas time, however, she attended an entertainment given by the home at the Grand Central Palace, where she served as judge of a canzonette, a dancing contest in which the dancers were men who had passed their hundredth year. Mrs. Schilotsky came of a long-lived family. She left nine brothers and sisters in Russia, the youngest of whom was 98 when he died. Her father and mother also lived long. The reason for this, they say at the home, is simple. The family for more than 300 years has owned a string of amber beads. Very common beads they are to look at, giving to the untrained eye no hint of their power. Always the eldest daughter of the house has worn the necklace, and while she wore it death was ward off. The beads were possessed of marvelous healing powers and circulated as freely among the children of the east side who had the whooping cough or the measles as generations ago they did between the huts of a Russian village.

On Sunday, when her daughter, Mrs. Fannie Kowner of 13 East 9th street, visited the old woman, the beads were given to her.

"Take them," said the mother, "for it is not well that I should bear them longer."

Then she talked of the beads, which never before had left her neck for more than twenty-four hours.

## BEASTS NOT AFRAID OF AUTO.

Starving Herds Approach Motor Car Occupants and Coax for Food.

So commonplace has the motor car become that it no longer strikes terror to man or beast in remote sections of the world where such things are slow

## WOMAN'S RIGHTS IN TURKEY.



One of the reforms demanded by the revolutionists was the repeal of the law preventing Turkish women from wearing the modern European style of costume.—Constantinople Dispatch.

proached automobile travelers and ate from their stock of food. These parties usually were of the hunting class and made it a point to visit the outposts with their snow-climbing motor cars.

## MAKING THE CARIBOU USEFUL.

Canadian's Plan for Furnishing Transportation in Far North.

The success which has followed the introduction of reindeer in Alaska has aroused attention in Canada, and the suggestion has been made that the reindeer will settle one of the problems of developing the resources of the Canadian northland," said Albert F. Steele of Ottawa, Canada, according to the Washington Herald. "One has to hunt it or use dogs up in the arctic stretches

importing reindeer. She has herds of reindeer all ready up in the northern regions. All that is needed is to train them, for they are very wild.

"These Canadian reindeer are really caribou, but Canadians say they will do as well. The caribou are plentiful throughout the Canadian north. Of course our people will have to catch these animals and train them, but to a people who are building an empire that is a trifling matter.

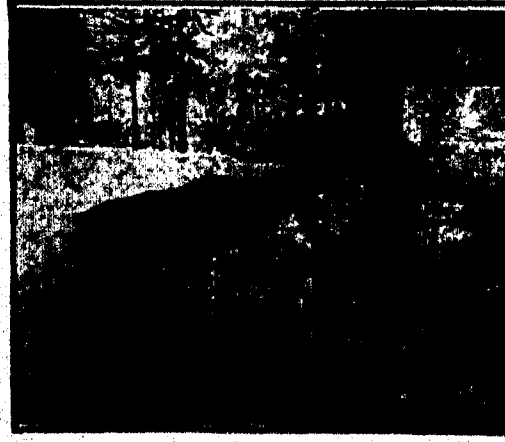
"The most active advocate of using reindeer or caribou in the development of northern Canada is Fred S. Lawrence, who lives at Fort Vermilion, on the lower Peace River. He has made his home in the north for twenty-five years. He suggests that a start might be made toward domesticating Canadian reindeer by inducing Laplanders to emigrate to Canada. The Laplanders, by reason of their pastures becoming crowded, owing to the great number of their reindeer, are looking for some part of the world to which they can transport their herds and families and establish themselves anew. The reindeer is fleet and can be more easily kept than the horse. A prospector could maintain himself for a year with ten head of reindeer. If his provisions gave out he could eat the reindeer."

## Starting an Endless Chain.

Both father and mother struggled valiantly to teach little Edie to repeat the letter 'A.' The child emphatically refused to pronounce the first letter of the alphabet and after many vain efforts the father retired from the fight discouraged. The mother took the little girl on her lap and pleaded with her affectionately.

"Dearie, why won't you learn to say 'A'?" she asked.

"Because, mamma," explained Edie, "des as soon as I say 'A' you an' papa will want me to say 'B.'—Harper's Weekly.



UNUSUAL SIGHT IN THURINGIA FOREST.

to penetrate. Instances have occurred in out-of-the-way posts in European and Asiatic countries where the starving herds of the plain and forest have not hesitated to approach automobile parties and coax for food from the occupants of the machines.

This was the case last winter in the thick forests of Thuringia. Deer, practically running wild, sometimes ap-

proached automobile travelers and ate from their stock of food. These parties usually were of the hunting class and made it a point to visit the outposts with their snow-climbing motor cars.



# ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Gardiner, Maine.—"I have been a great sufferer from organic troubles and nervous prostration for several years. I have tried all the doctors and all the medicines, but I have not been cured. I have decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am now cured. I am now a healthy woman and I am able to do all the work I want to do. I am now a healthy woman and I am able to do all the work I want to do. I am now a healthy woman and I am able to do all the work I want to do."

Williams, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 38, Gardiner, Me.  
No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a fair trial. This famous medicine for women has been used for thirty years and is the most valuable tonic and renewer of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ill health, creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial. Mrs. E. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Couldn't Feel Her.  
"George, dear, what is the crowd cheering that man for?"  
"The crowd is cheering him, Laura, because of his grand work on the slab. He has struck out fifteen men."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for a free trial bottle and testimonials. F. J. CHENEY CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Long Pet Went.  
Stationer—Typewriter ribbon? Yes, sir, we have all kinds. What particular brand do you wish?  
Private Secretary (of trust magnate)—Have you any that—when you use 'em, you know, the—writing will fade away entirely in a few days?—Chicago Tribune.

The Grip of Spring.  
During the last twenty years many of our citizens have been attacked in the spring months by grip. Some have had serious or slight attacks every year or two. All know it to be a dangerous disease. If Lane's Pleasant Tablets (which are sold at 25 cents a box by druggists and dealers) are taken when the first symptoms are felt, there is hardly a chance of the malady getting a foothold. If you cannot get them near home, send 25 cents to Orator F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y. Sample free.

A Coming Flare-up.  
"How is your boy getting along at that business college?"  
"Splendidly. When he sends me his monthly statement of the debts he owes it is drawn up in such an absolute correct and businesslike form that I always send him my check for the amount without a murmur."

Try Marine Eye Remedy.  
For Red, Watery, Watery Eyes, Granulation, Pink Eye and Eye Strain. Marine doesn't smart! Soothes Eye Pain. Is compounded by Expert Chemists. Contains no Injurious or Prohibited Drugs. Try Marine for Your Eye Trouble. You will like Marine. It is the only eye remedy for Sealy Eyelids. Druggists Sell Marine at 50c. The Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, will send You Interesting Eye Books Free.

Worthy of His Hire.  
"Just the same," said the Pittsburgh man, "we pay our preachers a higher average salary than preachers get in any other town."

"You ought to," responded the Cincinnati man. "You have tougher material to work on than any other town has."

His Leading Specialty.  
"Your husband is a chicken fancier, is he?"  
"Well, I am not certain, but I think it's the White Pippin."

They Quarreled.  
Among the applicants for domestic employment in the service of a Brooklyn household, says a writer in Harper's, there once came a big, husky Irish girl named Annabel.  
"What was your reason for leaving your last place, Annabel?" asked the mistress during the course of examination.  
"I couldn't stand the way the master an' mistress used to quarrel, mum," was the reply of Annabel.  
"Dear, dear!" exclaimed the lady. "Did they quarrel all the time?"  
"All the time, mum," repeated Annabel; "an', mum, when I wasn't me an' him, it was me an' her."

Lesson of the Earthquake.  
Prof. F. A. Barrett, former assistant at the Royal Observatory on Mount Vesuvius, publishes in the American Journal of Science his preliminary report of the Messina earthquake. He says that the shock was comparatively slight and that the damage and loss of life was due largely to the rubble construction of the buildings. The shock was preceded for several weeks by more or less severe quakes and shocks. The earthquake was active on December 25, but without showing any sympathetic action at the time of the earthquake or after. The cause is defined as deep-seated magma of the sub-volcanic type.

**RODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**

25 CENTS

Get relief with RODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

## MUST PROVE THEY ARE FIT.

Before They Can Secure License to Wed Under Washington's Law.

That they are physically and morally fit to wed is what prospective brides and bridegrooms in the State of Washington will have to show by physical certificate and affidavits after June 1 before any county auditor can issue marriage licenses. The new law provides also that women must be of legal age, fixed at 18 years, and men 21 years; also that the parent cannot give consent unless the girl is more than 15 years of age. The penalty for giving false information or performing such marriage is a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment in the State penitentiary for not more than three years, or both.

It is also provided that no woman under 45 years of age, or man of any age, except he marry a woman of more than 45 years, either of whom is a common drunkard, habitual drunkard, epileptic, feeble-minded, idiot or insane person, or formerly afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis or any contagious disease, shall intermarry or marry any other person within the State.

## STARTS "SPITE" SKUNK FARM.

Neighbor Refuses to Move Rendering Plant—Novel Beverage Follows.

Because Oscar Neidt refused to move his animal rendering plant on the White Horse road, near Trenton, N. J., upon the request of his neighbor, Ephraim Rockhill, the latter has started a skunk farm for spite, and the combination of odors in the vicinity is likely to result in the closing of a public road which passes the two properties. Mr. Rockhill has planned his farm in such a manner that the skunks will be near a small building where Mr. Neidt transacts the business of his farm. The skunks have already begun to make things unpleasant for Neidt, and he threatens suit.

Neidt, his employees and Rockhill and his hirelings have to go about their places with rubber protectors on their noses. The board of health may get an injunction against both places.

## FIVE IN FAMILY INSANE IN DAY.

Farmer Finds Wife, Daughter and Three Sons Violent.

James Johnstone, a farmer, near Lawrence, Ontario, asked for the arrest of his wife, daughter and three sons, who had gone hopelessly insane and threatened to do him bodily harm. Consistently after a warm struggle, arrested the five. They were in a terrible state of frenzy, and will be sent to an asylum. The wife was very violent. It required three men to handcuff her. Two of the women were found nude. The spectacle in court of the wife, over 70 years old, and with gray hair loose down her back and surrounding her children, aged 23 to 37 years, was pitiable.

## Against the Church Hats.

In several cities the movement among churches to prevent the wearing of hats by women during services has taken shape recently. The Methodist churches are particularly active in this cause. At Richmond, Va., the board of the First Methodist Church on Tuesday voted to require all women attendants at service to remove their hats. In the Metropolitan Tabernacle at New York the minister has proposed to have a room set aside for the women to lay off their hats and to adjust them after service. The Western Christian Advocate of Cincinnati asks: "What are our Christian women thinking of? Are they such devotees of fashion that they must haul these unsightly, hideous, outlandish constructions to church with them to make the devout groan and the undevout almost swear? It is our solemn conviction that this, which looks like such a trivial matter, amounts to almost an absolute moral offense and sin. The First Baptist Church of Somerville, Boston, has had a hat ban since 1907. It is a rule which has been strictly enforced from service all women who refuse to remove their hats before entering the auditorium."

## Pin Makes Clearest of Woman's Body.

After traveling four months through the body of Mrs. Oakley Bay Jennings, piercing the walls of the stomach and penetrating the lungs, a glass-headed steel pin, accidentally swallowed by Mrs. Jennings, who lives in Cincinnati, again made its appearance in her mouth, and has been extracted. The other night she was seized by severe choking, threw up her hands and called to her husband for assistance. The woman put her hand to her mouth and extracted the pin from the soft palate, from which one could protrude. The pin had made a complete circle in her body and had become very rusty. Mrs. Jennings reported instant relief and is hoping for ultimate recovery. Her lungs had become affected.

## Wireless Telephone Test.

A radio-telephonic apparatus invented by Lieutenants Colin and Jeanette of the French navy has just been tested with success between Paris and Melun, a distance of thirty miles. One party, which included high state officials, was stationed at the Eiffel Tower. The receiving instrument includes a headpiece completely encasing the head in a way that shut out all ordinary noises. With this headpiece one could hear the conversation carried on between the inventors thirty miles apart. In 1907 a German inventor named Poulsson was said to have transmitted wireless telephonic messages a distance of 250 miles.

## A \$600,000 Lawyers' Fee.

The largest fee ever paid on the Pacific coast for brief services goes to the attorneys for Mrs. Lily Bennett Baldwin for forcing a settlement on "Lucky" Baldwin's will. It is approximately \$600,000, and will be paid out of the estate to former Governor Henry T. Gage and Walter J. Trask, of Los Angeles, and Garrett McEnery, of San Francisco. Gage is to receive \$300,000, Trask \$100,000 and McEnery the remainder. Mr. Baldwin will receive \$1,400,000 for herself.

## Lesson of the Earthquake.

Prof. F. A. Barrett, former assistant at the Royal Observatory on Mount Vesuvius, publishes in the American Journal of Science his preliminary report of the Messina earthquake. He says that the shock was comparatively slight and that the damage and loss of life was due largely to the rubble construction of the buildings. The shock was preceded for several weeks by more or less severe quakes and shocks. The earthquake was active on December 25, but without showing any sympathetic action at the time of the earthquake or after. The cause is defined as deep-seated magma of the sub-volcanic type.

## Work of Congress

Notable speeches provoking debate of intense interest characterized the session of the Senate Tuesday. Senator Doolittle of Iowa made an attack upon the methods under which protective tariff bills are formed and engaged in a constant exchange of words with Senator Aldrich, who was a careful listener to the address of the Iowa Senator. On the Democratic side Senators remained mute, no member of the minority interposing a word in the controversy over the tariff, which occupied Republican Senators alone. At times the debate threatened to be acrimonious, but the Iowa Senator was ever ready with a humorous retort, which called forth laughter at times when angry words seemed unavoidable. Senator Borah concluded his speech on the income tax, delivering an extended legal argument to show that there is ample reason for believing that the Supreme Court of the United States might reverse itself if the constitutionality of that tax should again be presented to it. A strong plea for the extension of the protective tariff system to jute was made by Senator Bradley of Kentucky, who declared that with the protective policy covering products of his State, Kentucky would be as safely Republican in the future as Massachusetts has been in the past.

The tariff bill was again taken up by the Senate Wednesday for the consideration of committee amendments that were passed over upon the first reading of the bill, after it had been practically laid aside for ten days while Senators have been making speeches on the measure as a whole. Small progress was made in the consideration of the measure, only eight pages being considered before adjournment. There was much debate on the various amendments that were acted upon. Senator Doolittle concluded his speech begun the previous day. The House was not in session.

## Little progress was made in the consideration of the tariff bill in the Senate Thursday, the lead schedule being under discussion. Senator Bristow made a strong fight against increases in the rates of the schedules over the duties provided in the House on the ground that such increases would unnecessarily increase the cost of paint, which the farmers use extensively. During the discussion Senators Beveridge and Gallinger engaged in a sharp colloquy during which Mr. Gallinger accused the Indiana Senator of "advertising his own wares." Earlier in the day Senator Cummins addressed the Senate in favor of lower duties, especially in the iron and steel schedules. He declared that the people would take matters in their own hands if the law did not check monopolies, and said that in that event convenient lamp posts would be found. Representative Murphy of Missouri held the attention of the House with a repetition of the charges against Judges Phillips and McPherson of the western division of his State, which he had made in his original resolution. His colleague, Mr. Rucker, corroborated all that he said in denunciation of the action of the two judges, and added that Judge Phillips ought to have been impeached twenty years ago. The House adjourned until Monday.

## Just before adjournment Friday the Senate voted to fix the duty on lead contained in lead ore at 1 1/2 cents a pound, which is the rate of the Dingley law, and of the pending bill as it was passed by the House of Representatives. Fifty-three Senators, including all Republicans present, and Senators Hughes of Colorado and McNary of Louisiana, voted in favor of the duty, and nineteen Democratic Senators voted against it. This particular paragraph has not been opposed by the low tariff Republicans and the vote was not significant. During the day Senator Clapp of Minnesota spoke at length in favor of lowering tariff duties and Senator Owen of Oklahoma upheld the constitutionality of an income tax. The House was not in session.

## The entire session of the Senate Saturday was consumed with a debate on the schedule of duties on pig lead and its products. The stout opposition presented to the adoption of the amendments recommended by the committee on finance making the rates similar to those of the Dingley bill prevented a vote being reached before adjournment. The House was not in session.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVES

Robert A. Taft, son of President Taft, was elected treasurer of the Yale University Y. M. C. A.

Fire in the stockroom of McCurdy Brothers' department store, Philadelphia, caused a loss of \$100,000.

Fire at Elkins, W. Va., destroyed the machine shop of the Western Maryland Railroad, causing a loss of \$15,000.

One hundred and fifty Californians celebrated the third anniversary of the San Francisco earthquake at a dinner in New York.

Fire destroyed the Keystone Type Founders' building and one adjoining, occupied by the Spool Cotton Company, in Atlanta, Ga. The loss is estimated at \$50,000.

Capt. William H. Roberts, for many years captain in the United States navy, died in Los Angeles, Cal. For the last six years he had been constructor and inspector of life-saving stations on the Pacific.

Truman R. Fassett, son of Congressman J. Sloan Fassett, has won the Gullford prize of \$150 at Cornell University for an essay.

R. D. Williams, purchaser of the liner *Go Lewis*, has been asked by the New York customs officials to explain the presence in a stateroom of \$10,500 worth of silk and women's wearing apparel.

Following a conference held in Kansas City to-day it was stated that nearly a thousand lumber mills in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida will be shut down for an indefinite period. The combine owners may they will force up prices and will remain closed for twelve months if necessary.

## "FIE" FOR BOY STEALER.

James Boyle Found Guilty of Kidnaping "Billy" Whittia.

James Boyle, charged with kidnaping "Billy" Whittia, was convicted in Mercer, Pa., Thursday, after a trial lasting but a few hours. No defense was made and the jury was out but a few minutes. The penalty is from one year to a life sentence in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Boyle, indicted under the name of Mary Doe, with half a dozen aliases, was immediately placed on trial, charged with aiding and abetting the kidnaping. Hardly had the jury been sworn in the woman's case, when the lawyers became engaged in an argument regarding the admission of certain testimony and the case was adjourned till the following morning.

That Boyle's trial came to such an abrupt ending, immediately after the State had rested, was due to the fact that so strong a case had been made against him. From the night before the abduction, when he was seen in Sharon, till the time of his arrest in Cleveland almost every movement he made was testified to by one or more witnesses. A man from whom he hired a horse and buggy, another who saw Boyle driving with "Billy" in the buggy, the barber who saw the two together and shaved Boyle's mustache, all train and electric railway conductors who saw the couple on the way to Cleveland and identified them in court—all told stories which fitted in perfectly with that of "Billy" Whittia, who positively identified Boyle as his kidnaper, and left no doubt as to the part he had taken in the case.

## AMERICAN SCHOOL RAZED.

Property at Kessab Burned in the Anti-Christian Riots.

An investigator who has returned from a trip to Kessab, Asiatic Turkey, reports that all the American property at that place has been destroyed by the Moslem raiders. The property consisted of a girls' high school under the direction of Miss Edna M. Chambers, a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Three-fourths of the native houses also have been destroyed, but the Armenian church and the new Protestant school building are standing. Nearly all the people who fled from Kessab have returned to find their houses looted and they are destitute. Some food and clothing are being distributed, but there is no system in the work and the supplies are inadequate.

## MINE EXPLOSION INJURES SEVEN.

Use of Forbidden Powder Leads to a Panic in a Coal Pit.

An explosion of powder 2,000 feet underground in the Arona mine of the Keystone Coal Company, at Arona, Pa., seriously injured seven miners and caused a panic among 200 others. The men were riding into the mine on a train of electric cars for the day's work when the explosion took place. All fled toward the entrance. Finding there was no evidence of gas, some of the men returned and attended the injured men, who were taken to a hospital at Greensburg. Fulminate was used in the mine and the use of powder was forbidden by the company. It is believed a can of five pounds was being smuggled into the mine and was ignited by a spark from the trolley.

## IMPORTS SHOW PROSPERITY.

Gems Valued at \$2,415,943 and Autos Worth \$15,983 Entered.

According to the figures of the New York customs office the luxuries imported into this country during April indicate a return of prosperity. Diamonds, pearls and other precious stones aggregating an appraised value of \$2,415,943 were imported through this port. This is six times the quantity imported during the same month last year and is more, by nearly \$600,000, than the value of the precious stones imported during April of 1907. In the same month 173 automobiles of the appraised value of \$15,982.57 were imported.

## TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

On account of the decision upholding the action of the New York State insurance laws prohibiting a company from doing more than \$150,000,000 of new business in one year, the New York Life Insurance Company will disclaim on May 31 about 1,000 of its agents. This step is likely to be followed by the withdrawal of some of the foreign agencies, but an effort will be made to have the law repealed.

Since the insurance department of the State of Iowa has been barring certain Minnesota insurance companies from doing business in that State, Senator M. L. Fossenn, Minneapolis, offered a retaliatory measure, under which the companies from Iowa will not be granted licenses in Minnesota under similar conditions. The bill applies to all States which make regulations that would exclude Minnesota companies.

By an order of the interior department about 3,000,000 acres of land in the counties along the eastern border of Wyoming are to be thrown open at once to homesteaders, who will be allowed to take either 160 or 320 acres. The land cannot be irrigated and will be of use, therefore, for dry farming only. Those who take the full 320 acres entries must make an attempt to cultivate the land, while those who go in on the smaller holdings will not be compelled by the law to do so.

The business life of London was all agog over the opening of the new department store of the American merchant, Selfridge, formerly of Chicago, who boldly advertised his intention of showing the Britons how the Americans do things at the new store. Immense throngs of people crowded the big store owing to attractions offered, but at the same time the leading London houses in dry goods accepted the challenge by inserting big advertisements in the papers and also drawing crowds. Hitherto they had not used the daily papers extensively.

The Security State Bank, of Drain, Minn., which was closed down about two months ago, because of holding about \$200,000 of the paper endorsed by Banker Jones, of Rugby, N. D., who failed, has reopened for business, an assessment of \$100 per share having been paid.

Senator F. E. Putnam's bill, which commits the Legislature to the policy of establishing and maintaining an agricultural department in one high school in each Minnesota county, has been passed by the Senate with only two dissenting votes. The bill carries an appropriation of \$50,000 to cover the first two years of the work.

## BOHemia COVERED HIM.

Shocking Feature Was Beyond Words—Alleged Case of Abuse.

"I am seventy-seven years old, and some years ago I was taken with eczema from head to foot. I was sick for six months and what I suffered tongue could not tell. I could not sleep day or night because of that dreadful itching; when I did sleep it was from sheer exhaustion. I was one mass of irritation; it was even in my scalp. The doctor's medicine seemed to make me worse and I was almost out of my mind. I got a set of the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent. I used them persistently for twenty-four hours. That night I slept like an infant, the first solid night's sleep I had had for six months. In a month I was cured. W. Harrison Smith, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., Feb. 8, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. of Cuticura Remedies, Boston.

## Discouraged Dogs.

Last autumn an American in Paris jumped into the Seine and rescued an old man from drowning. The spectators applauded, the old man was duly grateful, but soon after his return to his hotel for dry clothes the American was waited upon by a police official. The rest of the story is below, as Le Figaro printed it.

"American energy is amazing! Marvellous!" the official began, very politely. "But when monsieur drev the old one from the Seine just now, monsieur should have observed that there were great dogs on the banks of the river, being led up and down by policemen."

"I did see them," said the American. "Those were life-saving dogs, monsieur."

"They didn't move to save the old man."

"Exactly, monsieur," assented the official, feelingly. "Such is the ingratitude of my compatriots that it has discouraged devotion even as far as Newfoundland."

## HARVEST ADVICE.

Rev. F. C. Pettypool Speaks for the Farmers of the State.

Any person suffering with backache, urinary disorders, or other signs of kidney complaint may feel the utmost confidence in the following statement made by Rev. F. C. Pettypool, a Baptist clergyman, of Herrin, Ill.:

"A weak back and disordered condition of the kidneys annoyed me for some years up to last fall. I often had to stop work and press my hands to my back. My limbs ached constantly and at night I could not sleep. The kidney secretions also passed too frequently. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they helped me quickly and permanently. Further use brought a perfect cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Philadelphia's Speed.

New Yorkers, with their customary lofty disdain for "the provinces," are wont to ridicule Philadelphia and Philadelphians as "slow," and it is seldom, indeed, that one of them condescends to admit that the Quaker city can show any valid reason for existence, says the Philadelphia Record.

Much less common is it for one of those superior beings who call the city of horse cars and sensational crimes home to be moved to verse in singing the praises of this city. However, such an event occurred here on Saturday night, when an immense crowd at the Philadelphia Opera House heard Oscar Hammerstein say that Philadelphians had given up \$900,000 for the privilege of hearing his songbirds for one season. The New Yorker was Mrs. Bertha L. Stine, who attended the opera with Philadelphia friends. So impressed was she that she tuned her lyre and swept the strings to the following strain, inditing the ode on a blank space in the program:

Friend, thee's mistaken when thee calls The Quaker city slow;  
Thee yet has many things to learn,  
And therefore may not know  
That we led lightning by a string  
A century or so  
Before speed limit fixed the rate  
At which we ought to go.

## Poastly Might Work.

Franklin—You have a plan for increasing the revenue? Let's hear it.  
Furness—Double tax every family that has no babies.

## NOT DRUGS

Food Did It.

After using laxative and cathartic medicines from childhood a case of chronic and apparently incurable constipation yielded to the scientific food, Grape-Nuts, in a few days.  
"From early childhood I suffered with such terrible constipation that I had to use laxatives continuously going from one drug to another and suffering more or less all the time.  
"A prominent physician whom I consulted told me the muscles of the digestive organs were partially paralyzed and could not perform their work without help of some kind, so I have tried at different times about every laxative and cathartic known, but found no help that was at all permanent. I had finally become discouraged and had given my case up as hopeless when I began to use the pre-digested food, Grape-Nuts.  
"Although I had not expected this food to help my trouble, to my great surprise Grape-Nuts digested immediately from the first and in a few days I was convinced that this was just what my system needed.  
"The bowels performed their functions regularly and I am now completely and permanently cured of this awful trouble."

"Truly the power of scientific food must be unlimited." "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

## WOMEN ARE COPEL NEEDED.

Writers Tell of Contradiction in Case of Man Needing Oxygen.

A couple of years ago I was hastily summoned to the bedside of a long time friend who was seriously ill with pneumonia, writes Charlotte A. Alkins in an article in the Trained Nurse. It was in February and a thick layer of snow was on the ground. The room in which the patient lay had three or four large windows, each re-enforced by an outside "storm" window as a protection from the weather. Each window was tightly closed. The man was struggling for breath, face and hands cyanotic, with a temperature soaring around 105 degrees Fahrenheit.

The case was exceedingly critical. When the doctor of the little town arrived he outlined to me the treatment he had used, and asked if I had anything to suggest. I had already had one of the double windows removed and a good volume of air was coming in. I mentioned the fact that oxygen was being used in hospitals to an increasing degree in cases of embarrassed respiration. As a drowning man will clutch at a straw, the doctor and the family caught at the idea of getting a tank of oxygen. There was none nearer than the nearest large city, 100 miles distant, but a message was hastily dispatched for the tank of oxygen to be sent on the next train.

The man died before its arrival, but the point that impressed itself on me was the real displayed in trying to secure oxygen bottled up in a tank, and the precautions used to keep the natural supply of oxygen away from the sick man, who was suffering for his life and whose whole system was being starved for want of it. The gospel of fresh air and its sensible practical application to health and disease will still bear a good deal of emphasis.

## German Wall Paper Trust.

Negotiations among the German manufacturers of wall paper have finally led to the organization of a trust. The seven leading manufacturers who have already joined have a combined annual production of about \$2,620,000.

## The Secret Out.

"What made my lovely complexion? I do not like to tell, for it was medicine, but the nicest a woman ever took. It was Lane's Family Medicine that did it." This is a pleasant herb tea which acts favorably on the stomach and bowels, purifying the blood and cleansing the skin like magic. It cures headache and backache. Druggists and dealers sell it, 25c.

## Maternal Forebodings.

The lamb was skipping and leaping gaily around the meadow.  
"Keep it up, child," said the mother. "Gambol and cavort all you please. It's just as well for you not to know that some day those legs of yours will be served up with caper sauce."

## A Famous Physician's Advice Free.

The noted practicing physician for so many years in Central Illinois, and whose famous remedy so widely known as Dr. Caldwell's Syrup of Pepsin, has opened a correspondence department in his laboratory in Monticello, Ill., where free advice is given to all. Parties suffering from dyspepsia, stomach troubles and other complaints, by addressing Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 202 Caldwell Building, Monticello, Ill., will receive valuable advice free of charge.

## E. J. Dickey and G. H. Cove, of Haverhill, Mass., claim to have invented a method whereby the sun's rays can be directly utilized for the generation of electrical energy.

## For Any Disease or Injury to the Eye, use PETTIT'S EYE BALM, absolutely harmless, acts quickly. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Salt making by evaporation of sea water is an industry which has been carried on for 800 years at Malden, Essex, Eng.

## Those who keep Hamiltons Wizard Oil in the house do not have to buy any other remedy for sore throat, whooping cough, croup and all other ailments. It will cure this trouble so quickly or so surely. Remember this.

## The Russians as a nation probably give more attention to the subject of dancing than any other.

## Send postcard request to-day for sample package of Garfield Tea, Nature's herb remedy for constipation, liver and kidney diseases. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Electric vacuum cleaners are rented out by the day by electric light and power companies of Minnesota.

## It's the judgment of many smokers that Lewis' Single Binder 8c cigar equals in quality the best 10c cigar.

## Beira, a little town in Agria, is built almost entirely of galvanized sheet metal.

## England builds a battleship in two years, but France requires five.

## Mrs. Winston's Soreness Spray for Children (which makes the little ones comfortable) is a safe, sure relief. It costs a bottle.

## There is Hope in Home.

MUNTON'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY acts almost immediately on the gastric juices and gives the stomach time and strength to digest everything that has been put into it. It soothes sore and irritated stomachs that have been impaired by indigestion, dyspepsia, or other ailments. It is a powerful remedy for all the following symptoms: flatulence, heartburn, indigestion, loss of appetite, constipation, diarrhoea, biliousness, palpitations of the heart, nervousness, sleeplessness, all effects of the heart caused by indigestion. We want every discouraged and despondent sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, or other ailments, to try this remedy. It will give you satisfaction. It will relieve you. It will cure you.

## For sale by all druggists. Price, 50c.

## Corn Planting

It is here—Dyspepsia among the may take some of them—corn planting may be late if you haven't SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE.

In your two magazines—Spoon's as well as preventive—Spoon's and SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE. It is here—Dyspepsia among the may take some of them—corn planting may be late if you haven't SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE.

Spears, Madison Co., Chicago and Burlington, Wis., Ind., U.S.A.



WE DOUGLAS

300 SHOES \$3.50

The Douglas Shoe and Boot Store, 100 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

CAUTION: The Douglas Shoe and Boot Store, 100 N. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Small Pill



# Buy the New Royal Sewing Machine

Equal to any made.

For Sale and fully warranted by O. Palmer.

## The Barbarous Babe

By E. Ayton.

(Copyright, by J. B. Lippincott Co.)

She was just a little four-year-old girl, whom I had been told off to "amuse," as they called it, and as I thought myself until I sank into my proper place of comparative insignificance. When we were left alone we sat looking at each other for some time in silence, I seeing a sweet, demure little face with a frame of flaxen curls; but what her wondering eyes took in I cannot tell, only they made me feel very large and world-worn.

"Would you like to see my baby?" she said, and slipping down from her chair, disappeared beneath the table, a mysterious underworld when one is only four.

I waited, wondering if I should see some cherished doll, or perhaps a cushion baby, but when she came out her hands were quite empty, although held out carefully.

"Isn't he a dear little mite?" she asked suddenly, looking down with a tender mother-love shining in her eyes, and she began to rock the outstretched arms, as though they indeed held a little baby.

"I'll put him on the ground," she said at last; "he likes to toddle," and the fictitious baby was gently set down. Then she began to tell me his history. "Do you know," she said, "that there was a fire in this baby's house? He brought away his kitty, but his mother and father and brother and nurse were all burnt."

"Not killed!" I ejaculated, startled at the completeness of the catastrophe.

"Burnt to ashes," she assures me with a delicate glee.

And as I sit wondering over the barbarity of childhood, I hear the soft little voice say wistfully: "My father's coming home on Friday week."

"What will you say when you see him?" I ask unthinkingly.

She turns rather red. "I shall not say anything. I'll be too happy for that," she whispers.

But before I have realized this glimpse of a love almost womanly in its expression, she looks round to where the imaginary baby is playing with the equally imaginary kitten. Her whole face lights up with a look of wonder to see. "Those two dear little tots are playing together so sweetly," she murmurs; "why, the kitty has got into the waste-paper basket. Please may I do your dog, or he might frighten the kitty?"

So my big collar is dragged off to a distant corner and there tied up with a "pretense" cord, but being a dog of a gentlemanly disposition, he seems to find it as binding as the heaviest of steel chains; or has he too entered his dream-world, whose shadowy boundaries I find so hard to cross?

And then I hear a gentle crooning and the sound of soft kisses, but I see it is that lucky dream-baby upon whom this tenderness is being lavished.

"Do you know," the real child says in wondering tones, "do you know this poor baby of mine had a sister called Jimma, who was very sweet to him. She used always to take away his bottle. I cannot think how she could do such a thing, can you? But we cut off Jimma's hands and feet—"

"Oh, no, we did not," I contradict, startled out of politeness.

"Scuse me, we did," the tender voice urges; "scuse me, we cut them off and stewed them. Then we killed her with arsenic."

But as I reiterate upon the enormity of the punishment compared with the crime, the small executioner relents, and finally adopts my suggestion of sending the ill-fated Jimma to a boarding school—a very strict one. "But it was a school in South Africa," she stipulates, and I know she is finding consolation in the thought of being strayed lions and tigers ready to make a meal of naughty little girls who remove bottles.

And again I feel that children are very cruel, and that as we grow older, what we lose in imagination we surely gain in tenderness, but my thoughts are interrupted by a book being thrust into my hands, and a baby voice asking for a "story, please."

I select one at random, it is the "Babes in the Wood," but before I have finished the first page I hear a little sound, and, looking up, I see two blue eyes drowned in tears.

"Shall I stop?" I asked compunctiously, but the baby shakes her head.

But before we reach the end, two soft arms are flung round my neck and a damp face is pressed to my cheek.

"Poor, poor little wobin wed-bwastal!" she sobs unexpectedly. "What a lot of leaves they had to carry!"

Record in Cross-Examination. Something like a record in lengthy cross-examination was accomplished in Liverpool, England, by Mr. Greer, who, with Mr. Leslie Scott as his opponent, appeared at St. George's hall in a referred case in which the Lanarkshire Weaving Company is a party.

The cross-examination of the manager of the company started on Tuesday morning, and was still going strong on Saturday and the court sat until nearly eight hours, the ordeal lasted for over 40 hours.

His Employment. "What is your husband doing?" a woman was asked at a Lambeth (London) inquest. "He is working for the unemployed," was the reply.

## VOICES IN THE NIGHT

Feminine Voice (In the darkness)—Are you awake?

Masculine Voice—Yes.

She—Did you hear a noise?

He—I thought I did.

She—What did it sound like?

He—It sounded like the back-door bell.

She—That's what I thought.

He—I dreamed that I heard it, and was going to answer it, and then I woke up.

She—What do you suppose it was?

He—I don't know. We don't have to bother about it. The dining-room door is locked, and they couldn't get in here.

Radiator—Zing!

She—Oh!

He—That was only the radiator.

She—I know it.

He—Then what made you jump?

She—Well, I—I didn't know it was going to be the radiator.

Window Shade—Sc-r-a-a-u-scutter!

She—Oh!

He—That was the window shade.

She—I know—but I wasn't expecting it.

Veneer on the Dresser—Snick!

She—Oh!

He—That was nothing but that eternal veneering.

She—I know. But it was none of those things that woke us up.

He—Well, what do you think it was?

She—It sounded like the door bell.

He—Burglars aren't going around ringing door bells at four o'clock in the morning.

She—It might not have been the door bell.

He—What then?

She—It sounded sort of metallic. It might have been a jimmy, or something.

She—There's a creaky board in the hall, and we'll hear it if any one steps on that. That's what I thought it was going to be when the radiator snapped.

He—Nonsense. (Silence.)

She—I'll bet you're afraid to get up and investigate.

He—What's the use? (Silence.)

She—I know I'm afraid to get up and investigate. (Silence.)

Window Shade—Scutter-utter-utter!

She—Oh!

He—Why don't you go to sleep?

She—I simply can't. I'm waiting for that miserable board to creak.

He—Oh, well, I'll get up and look around if you say so.

She—Maybe I could go to sleep if I knew that the dining-room door was still locked, and the front door.

He—All right, all right! Where are the matches?

She—None in here?

He—No, I noticed that the box was empty to-day.

He—Humph! (Silence.)

Match—Sc-r-a-a-u-scutter!

She—Oh!

He—What's the matter?

She—Nothing.

That was such a loud match.

Dining-Room Door—Handle—Rat-tle!

Front Door—Chain—Clankety-clank!

He—Now, are you satisfied?

She—Are both doors all right?

He—Yes.

She—Thank you so much.

He—Can I turn out the gas now?

She—Yes.

He—I don't see the use of making such a fuss over nothing.

She—Weren't you frightened?

He—Of course I wasn't.

She—Not a bit?

He—Certainly not. What was there to be afraid of?

She—Hm.

He—What?

She—Oh, nothing.

He—I was just wondering why your arm was all covered with goose flesh just before you got up.

(Silence.)—Chicago Daily News.

Father of Trouble.

Imagination is the father of most of our troubles.

## Sauce for the Goose

"Herbert," she said, abruptly, "I've made up my mind."

"What I'm going to have you do after we're—after June."

"I happen to be a lawyer, already," he reminded her. "I trust your plans for me after we're married won't conflict with that fact."

"Oh, no, it isn't anything of that sort. It's the kind of man I intend you to be; the kind of a husband I must have."

Just then he noticed a little button pinned to the front of her gown. The legend it bore was "Votes for Women."

"Where have you been to-day?" he asked, irreverently.

"At the club. We had a splendid program. Why?"

"Oh, nothing, only—well, I can't help noticing a—perhaps I'd better not say it."

"What?"

"You wouldn't like to tell me?"

"I'll have to hear it now you've begun, whether I like it or not."

"Well, it's this, Florence, if you will have it. I'm afraid of the influence of these women's clubs. I always notice a different spirit after you've been there—a spirit of running things independently."

"What things, for instance?"

"Well, me—for instance. Now, don't look that way. You made me tell you."

"Herbert! As if my listening to a paper on the Canterbury Tales and then drinking a cup of tea with a lot of bright women could—I'm very sorry I impress you in that way, she broke off, with a sudden drop to freezing point. "It isn't at all necessary, however, for you to remain in my company."

"Florence!"

"You're quite welcome to go, or, if you insist on staying, I can go upstairs."

"Nonsense! I'm not saying that I should wish you to give up your club after we're married."

"Indeed! How magnanimous!"

"Florence, you misunderstand."

"On the contrary, I understand only too well. You want your wife to be a woman with no ideas except those you dictate."

"You know better!"

"I thought I did, but I find I'm mistaken. Of all the unreasonable, childish—it's just like a man, that's all I can say."

"There, now, that's exactly what I mean. You see, I'm afraid you got that feeling of superiority to man at the woman's club."

"Oh! I've had that feeling of superiority to man all my life, whenever I saw a person of your sex act as you're acting tonight. When I think what started this whole thing—her voice broke. "You'd better go!"

"Now, Florence, listen to me. Don't cry, darling—don't! You know I'd do anything in reason you'd ask me, but a man doesn't like to be told what his wife is going to have him be, as if she meant to control him."

"But if you knew what it was I was starting to say!"

"Well, come out of that sofa pillow and tell me."

Silence broken by sobs.

"Florence!"

"No—keep away!" More sobs.

"Won't you tell me?"

"Yes, I will, just to let you see," she decided, tearfully, half uncovering her face, but not letting him have her hand. "I've been noticing ever since we've noticed that some men start off to work in the morning without looking back at all, and others look up at the window and touch their hats or wave their hands, and I—I've thought a man would not feel like looking back at his wife unless she'd been sweet to him—given him a good breakfast and all that—and I just made up my mind that—oh, I just can't tell you now!"

"Tell me, Florence." He had her hand at last.

"I made up my mind that—I'd be nice enough to you so that you'd be one of the husbands that looked back—but it's all spoiled, now!"

"It was a brute," she declared, as soon as he felt that he could spare time to articulate words. "How could I ever think you'd want to interfere with my personal liberty! It was this ridiculous thing that made all the trouble. Here!" And he began to unfasten the equal-suffrage badge.

Quick as a flash she caught his hand away.

"Why, Florence," he protested, blankly. "Surely you're joking. I'm not going to have my little wife to be—"

"You're not going to have me to be?"

"Well, I mean—but can't you see how different that is?"

## MUSTN'T MISS VISITING TOM.

Cheerful Prospect Ahead for Traveler, No Matter Which Course He Elects to Follow.

A New Englander, traveling on foot through the southern mountains, studying the people, asked a man whom he met to direct him to a certain cabin at which he had been advised to stay overnight. "Going that?" said the man. "Well, Tom's a first-rate, take him just right, but he's mighty queer."

"What do you mean?" asked the traveler.

"Well, it's like this," and the man looked at the stranger in a calm, impersonal way. "He'll be setting outside, most probably, and he'll see you coming; he'll take a good look at you, and if you don't suit him, he may set the dog on you."

"If he don't, and you get to talking with him, and say anything he don't just like, he throw you down and tromp on you. But if you're too careful in your talk, on the other hand, he'll take you for a spy and use his gun fast and listen to explanations afterward."

"But it's no use trying to get by without stopping," concluded the man, with evident relish of the prospect he was opening up to the stranger. "If you was to undertake that, 'twould be all up with you, for he'd think you was proud and biggity."

"If you want to come out of the mountain whole, don't go past Tom's cabin without stopping, whatever you do!"—Youth's Companion.

WOMAN HAS SPIDER FOR PET.

Somewhat Remarkable Taste Displayed by Wife of Prominent English Churchman.

The dean of Carlisle's pet spider, which he mentioned in a recent speech at Carlisle, is in an ante-room at the deanery.

"Mrs. Barker discovered it," said the dean in an interview. "I have been asked to photograph it, but it is in such a position that this cannot well be done. At present it is in a dormant state. Mrs. Barker comes and tells me about it every day, and she is waiting for the time when it will spin its little web."

Asked what would be done with it then, the dean replied: "Oh, she will continue to take care of it." Although most ladies have a horror of spiders, Mrs. Barker is specially fond of them.

"But all animals," added Dr. Barker, "are a source of delight to us. Flocks of birds come to our gardens, including sparrows, tom-tits, robins and ravens. Mrs. Barker goes into the garden in the morning, whistles, and at once the birds will collect round her. She feeds them with suet, meat and bread. We have rings suspended from the trees for the tom-tits, and we have placed artificial nests in the trees for them."

Dr. Barker quoted Bishop Butler in support of his belief that animals have a future life. "Why should they not?" he asked. "A dog thinks and reflects. Look at the flight of birds. Who knows what is passing in the intelligence of these animals?"

Woman Out of a Job. The New York Times has an interesting editorial on the "Woman Out of a Job." This is not the business woman seeking a position, but the so-called home woman. There was a time when the girl made her wedding clothes and the expectant mother fashioned dainty garments for her first-born.

Now trousseaus and layettes can be bought ready made much better and cheaper than they can be manufactured at home. The mother does not rock her baby to sleep, as that is forbidden; nor does she rock the cradle, for there are no cradles. It is unsanitary to cuddle the baby, and it is put to sleep by itself. Women living in "two rooms and a bath" are companions for their husbands, and not helpmeets. The exigencies of modern life make this enforced loneliness necessary, and what wonder that women want something to do? It is foolish to tell them "to go back to their homes," such as they are, for they are only "out of a job" in them.

Had Unusual Opportunities. The elaborate realism of Thomas Hardy is one of the points of the novelist's genius which causes much astonishment among his admirers. On one occasion a friend was expressing his wonder to him at the manner in which he was able to enter into the intimacies of a country girl's life.

"How on earth do you do it?" said the friend. "You might almost be a country girl yourself."

"When I was a young man," explained Mr. Hardy, "I used to write love letters for the village girls to their sweethearts in India. That, naturally, gave me an insight into their characteristics."

The Reason. The New Tenant—And the last owner, Donald, you say tried to introduce nightingales on the estate? The Old Tenant—Yes, sir, he did, indeed; but they wouldn't stay. Well, no, maybe, the nightingales winna stay in Scotland.

The New Tenant—Is that so? Can't acquire the accent, I suppose.—London Opinion.

In the Barber Shop. Mr. Loosum—Does a man with a little hair as I've got have to pay full price to have it cut? Mr. Cutem—Yes, and sometimes more. We usually charge double when we have to hunt for the hair.

## HARD LOT OF MOUNTAINEER.

On Land So Poor That the Easiest Kind of Crop to Raise Was Beyond Him.

It was on a lonely road in the mountains. A weary rider was slowly making his way up the steep mountainside, pausing now and then to rise in his stirrups and look about in search of some sign of civilization. Suddenly a turn in the road brought him face to face with a lank, sallow-faced mountaineer, seated upon the top rail of the snake fence which bounded a poor little farm which had found lodgment on the mountainside.

The rider paused. "Can you tell me how far it is to Big Stone gap?" he inquired.

The mountaineer's lips moved in answer, but no sound reached the rider's ears. He moved over nearer to the fence and repeated the question. This time he could barely distinguish a whispered word or two in the farmer's answer.

"What's the matter with you?" he inquired, dismounting and walking over to the fence where the old man sat. "Can't you talk?"

The old man looked pityingly at his questioner for a moment, and then, climbing down from his seat on the rail, he walked up to the traveler, and, putting his grizzled face close to his ear, whispered, hoarsely:

"Yes, I kin talk, but the fact is, stranger, land is so poor in these parts that I kin't even raise my voice."

GREAT PRODUCTION OF SALT.

Twenty-Five Million Barrels of This Indispensable Condiment Made in America Last Year.

There has been a big increase in the production of salt in the United States in the last ten years. Close to 25,000,000 barrels were produced in this country last year, which was in excess of any such period previous. Possibly the largest domestic source is in New York state, in the vicinity of Syracuse. Michigan probably comes next.

Salt originally is in the rock form or in a solution in sea water or brine springs. The former is obtained by quarrying or mining and by solution. With the latter water is poured over the salt until the mineral is saturated and is then brought to the surface by pumping. The brine is boiled down in large pans.

The finest salt is boiled at a temperature of about 107 degrees centigrade. Commercial salt, fishing and bag salt are produced in successively larger pans and at increasingly low temperatures. Finer salt is baked out of the pans at much shorter intervals; in the case of the finest, two or three times a day.

Stamping Out Opium Smoking. From Honan, China, a correspondent writes: "Most of the opium planted in the autumn was destroyed and the land was put under wheat. The officials say that when the plant has bloomed out they will make another search and if any poppy is found the land that grows it will become official land. The shops for selling the drug are now limited. No one is allowed to smoke except at home. While I was staying at an inn the official of the place, in making his round of the town to see if any lawless fellows were lodged there, saw a man smoking in the room where I was, and at once forced him to blow out his lamp. But almost as soon as the official was gone the smoker began again. At one of these towns the official is an opium smoker. He has signed the pledge that he has given up the practice, but at the same time the report is abroad that he has man kerosene oil cans full of the stuff stored away for his own use. While this is true, he is pressing the work of making others stop and not many days ago he put the wooden collar on six men for ten days because they had been found smoking."

Effective Hint. Many amusing stories have been told of the famous pianist, Prof. Leschetizky's way of dealing with pupils who did not please him, and the following is one of the most characteristic. A certain player who was studying under him had such a vigorous style, and thumped the piano so hard, that the professor lost all patience. After repeated reproofs, which failed to be effectual, Leschetizky rang the bell. To the servant who answered he said, with a dangerous quietness: "Bring some bandages immediately, please; we require them for the piano." After that the pupil played less noisily.

Satisfied with the Gamble. Robert has lately acquired a step-mother. Hoping to win his affection, this new parent has been very lenient with him, while his father, feeling his responsibility, has been unusually strict. The boys of the neighborhood, who had taken pains to warn Robert of the terrible character of step-mothers in general recently waited on him in a body, and the following conversation was overheard: "How do you like your stepmother, Bob?" "Like her! Why, fellows, I just love her. All I wish is I had a stepfather, too!"

Eggagately. Rooster—How came this orange here? Chicken—Why, that's the, orange marmalade.

Rooster (severely)—Chickens that joke on serious subjects become spring breakers at any season of the year.

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The Advice of Experience.

Long Words or Short.

Which shall we prefer in speech and writing? Almost everybody will vote for the short word, and almost everybody will be voting for the best candidate. The short words are usually the strong words. They make an impression and live in the mind. The long words are dead and they are mostly in the open of men who have thought that they wish to look in character.

A man who should run out like the steam and yell "Confidential! Confidential! Confidential!" when his house was burning would be thought to be making a just of the clock. And so in all matters where there are to be heard out quickly and clearly, the short word has first choice.